NEW SMYRNA NEWS

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TWO COMMISSIONERS ARE ASKED TO RESIGN PLACES

GOVERNOR'S REQUEST IS REFUSED BY BOTH

L. B. BOUCHELLE AND C. F. BURGMAN DECLINE TO GIVE UP PLACES ON VOLUSIA COUNTY BOARD.

Governor Sidney J. Catts has asked for the resignations of Dr. L. B. Bouchelle and C. F. Burgman, members of the Volusia county board of county commissioners, representing the New Smyrna and Daytona districts, respectively.

Both have refused to comply with the governor's request to hand in their resignations, and it remains to be seen whether the governor will use his authority and remove them from office. The reasons advanced by the governor in asking for the resignation of Dr. Bouchelle as a member of the board of county commissioners is explained in the following correspondence, which has passed between the state executive and the commissioner from this district:

Tallahassee, March 10, 1917.
Dr. L. B. Bouchelle,
New Smyrna, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Sheriff Morris of your county reports that in raiding a notorious dive near Daytona that was operating under the name of the Turnbull Amusement association, he found that you were one of the charter members. Numerous complaints have been made about the conduct of this dive and it was under instructions that the sheriff made the raid. He has made a full report of what he found, which shows that the parties operating it certainly had but little regard for law or decency.

Please explain your connection with this.

Yours very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Dr. Bouchelle's Reply

New Smyrna, Fla., March 12, 1917.
Hon. Sidney J. Catts,
Governor,
Tallahassee, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Replying to yours of the 10th inst. My connection with the "Turnbull Amusement association" consists of simply being a member. I have not now or at any time had any financial interest in it.

The charter was drawn up by an attorney whose office is in the same building as mine and it was upon his request that I allowed my n me to be used in the corporation.

This explains my being a charter member.

Very truly yours,
L. B. BOUCHELLE.

Another from Governor

Tallahassee, Fla., March 14, 1917.
Hon. L. B. Bouchelle,
New Smyrna, Fla.
My Dear Sir:

I have your communication of the 12th and note what you say; that although you are a charter member you have never had anything to do with the operation of the Turnbull Amusement association nor have had any interest in it financially. The fact that you are a charter member of this club would lead one to think naturally that you were interested in its management and manipulation in every way and I must say to you very frankly that your letter is very unsatisfactory. You do not show where you have ever severed your relations with this club or saloon and as a charter member you are certainly responsible, partially, for its conduct. It is reported here that this is one of the most notorious dives and drinking places in the state of Florida and that it is probably one of the most wicked joints between Jacksonville and Key West. The report made by the sheriff when he raided the place a few days ago bears out these reports.

You are a member of the Board of County Commissioners in your county and as an officer it is your duty to see that the law is enforced instead of being an open and notorious lawbreaker, which you are if you are a member of this club.

I expect you to divest yourself of all interest in this joint immediately or else will ask you to resign your office as County Commissioner as holding the two positions is intolerable.

Please advise at your earliest convenience what your decision may be in the matter.

Very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Second Reply

New Smyrna, Fla., March 16, 1917.
Hon. Sidney J. Catts,
Governor,
Tallahassee, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Upon receipt of your communication of the 14th inst., which I acknowledge, I resigned all connection with the Turnbull Bay association.

I herewith enclose a copy of my resignation to the above association.

Very truly yours,
L. B. BOUCHELLE.

Asks for Resignation

Tallahassee, Fla., April 6, 1917.
Mr. L. B. Bouchelle,
New Smyrna, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Several reports have reached the office relative to your connection with the Turnbull Bay association, the prosecuting attorney as well having sent in a copy of your application to the federal authorities for a license to sell whiskey at that place, and so many protests as well having been received, I shall ask that you please send in your resignation as County Commissioner of District No. 4, Volusia county. I think this will be the easiest way out and will cause less publicity and trouble in every way. Your being connected openly, as you are, with this organization, renders it necessary for you to vacate the office as county commissioner.

You were advised by the county attorney, so I am reliably informed, before you opened up that joint that it was a violation of law and that you should not enter into it.

Your connection with it was deliberate and with full knowledge of what you were doing and I shall expect your resignation within the next few days.

Yours very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Refuses to Resign

New Smyrna, Fla., April 9, 1917.
Honorable Sidney J. Catts,
Governor, State of Florida,
Tallahassee, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Your letter of April 6th, 1917, received.

So far as trouble and publicity are concerned, because of any alleged connection on my part with the Turnbull Bay association, I covet and welcome the fullest publicity.

I was recommended for County Commissioner of District No. 5, not District No. 4, as stated in your letter, in the Democratic Primary of June, 1916. In the November election, my political enemies again endeavored to bring about my defeat through an independent candidate, but I was elected by a substantial majority. I have done no wrong, either legally or morally. So far as my connection with the Turnbull Bay association is concerned, the record in your hands prove

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OWN SERVICES AND HOSPITAL OFFERED

DR. DAVIS FORSTER MAKES GENEROUS OFFER TO GOVERNMENT IN CASE OF ACTUAL WARFARE.

Responding to the call of the federal government for physicians, surgeons and nurses in case actual warfare developes in this country, Dr. Davis Forster has notified the war department, tendering his services, and use of the Shelter sanitorium and grounds, with space for the location of about 40 tents.

In preparation of whatever emergency may arise the war department has been soliciting the aid of physicians and surgeons in all parts of the United States, to be called into service at any time they may be needed. The patriotic offer made by Dr. Forster is a very generous one and will undoubtedly be accepted by the government, if needed.

Fighting Top of Super-Dreadnought New York

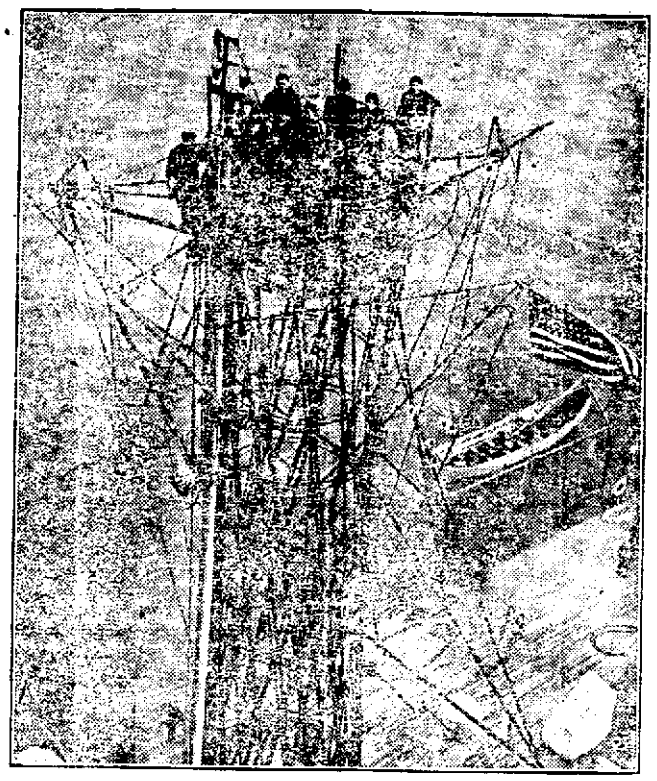

Photo by American Press Association.

The fighting tops of the lattice masts of the United States navy are found in no other navy. This shows one of the masts of the superdreadnaught New York. The size of the tops may be judged from the number of men assembled there.

CHARTER BOARD ELECTION TO BE HELD NEXT WEEK

CHANGE IN FORM OF GOVERNMENT SOUGHT

FIVE MEN AS CANDIDATES ARE IN FAVOR OF CHANGING TO THE COMMISSION-MANAGER FORM FOR CITY.

The special election to select the five men who will prepare a new charter or amendments to the present charter of the city of New Smyrna will be held next Tuesday, and at that time the voters will name the men who will act as their representatives in preparing the charter for the future government of this city.

A total of 14 names of candidates will appear on the official ballots, and of these several are said to be disqualified to serve as members of the board if elected, because of being disqualified to participate in the special election, and have asked their friends not to vote for them for this reason.

The general sentiment among the citizens of New Smyrna favors an entirely new charter calling for a change to the commission-manager form of government, and of the candidates whose names will appear on the ballot, five have pledged themselves to prepare such a charter if elected. Four of these candidates have declined to state whether they favor retaining the old charter in its present form, or whether they favor any kind of a change.

Four of these have not qualified to participate in the special election, and there is a legal question as to whether they would be qualified to serve as members of the board if elected. All of these men are strongly in favor of making a change to the commission-manager form of government, but because of the legal question raised have asked that their friends do not vote for them in the election, but to vote for the five men who are pledged to prepare the commission-manager charter.

The five men who are pledged to prepare a commission-manager form of charter if elected are J. J. Birch, W. C. Chowning, W. L. Gause, H. C. Phillips and B. H. Wilson.

The four men who favor the commission-manager charter, but are not qualified to vote and have asked their friends to vote for the five men named above are T. L. Howell, M. A. Galbreath, S. M. Jones and W. L. Riley.

Dr. O. B. Griggs has stated he is in favor of a change in the present form of government but has asked his friends not to vote for him as his health will not permit him to serve.

The four candidates who have de-

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APRIL 23RD TO 28TH DATES FOR CLEAN-UP

WOMAN'S CLUB INAUGURATES MOVEMENT TO CLEAN UP CITY AND MAYOR AND COUNCIL WILL HELP.

PROCLAMATION

To all citizens of the city of New Smyrna:

From April 23rd to April 28th has been designated as "Clean-up week," for the city of New Smyrna. It is my request and the wishes of the city council that everyone clean up their premises, burn up all rubbish that will burn and put such stuff that will not burn in boxes and barrels. The city teams will take all stuff of this kind away. Clean premises will not breed flies and mosquitoes and will prohibit the spreading of contagious diseases.

H. E. ZIPPERER, Mayor.

Week after next has been designated as the annual clean-up time for the city of New Smyrna.

Every property owner and tenant is requested to give his own or the premises he is occupying a thorough cleaning up at that time.

The Woman's club of New Smyrna is behind the movement, and with the endorsement and help of the city officials and the help of all citizens they hope to make this the most thorough and successful clean-up campaign that has ever been carried on in the city.

From the standpoint of sanitation and civic pride the women should have the support of every citizen of New Smyrna in this effort and the result should be a new New Smyrna, presenting a beautiful appearance and sanitary condition.

Mrs. G. M. Marshall, president of the Woman's club, is active in pushing the preparations for the clean-up campaign, and she will appreciate the assistance of every man and woman in the city in making it a success.

Motored to Cocoa

A pleasant party, made up of the following, motored to Cocoa one day last week and spent a delightful time in that city and at Rockledge: Mrs. Mills, mother and two daughters of Jacksonville, Mrs. Moore of New York, Mrs. Mabel Mills and son of Ann Arbor, Mich., Mrs. F. J. Russell and Mrs. L. E. Cox.

MASS MEETING PROTESTS AGAINST FLAGLER COUNTY

RED CROSS CHAPTER IS ORGANIZED HERE

SOCIETY FORMED WITH GOOD MEMBERSHIP AND ACTIVE WORK WILL BEGIN AFTER NEXT MEETING.

Enlisting for whatever duties may be assigned to them as members of the Red Cross, the New Smyrna chapter of the Red Cross society, as a branch of the North Florida chapter, was organized here last week, and the new organization has started out with a membership of 65.

The members of the local chapter will be expected to do home work and assist in preparing supplies to be used by the national organization.

Dr. M. Weintraub, of Jacksonville, field secretary for the North Florida chapter of the Red Cross society came to New Smyrna last week Thursday and the first meeting for the organization of the local chapter was held Thursday evening. A temporary organization was formed at this meeting, and another meeting was held Friday afternoon in Guild hall. The field secretary thoroughly explained the work of the society and what was expected of the local members and the organization was perfected by the selection of the following officers:

Chairman—Rev. B. F. Green.

First Vice Chairman—Mrs. W. C. Chowning.

Second Vice Chairman—Mrs. D. P. Smith.

Secretary—Mrs. E. M. Little.

Treasurer—M. W. Ashton.

Executive Committee—Dr. W. C. Chowning, L. H. Elias, Mrs. J. H. Hibbard, Mrs. K. C. Goodwin, Mrs. T. L. Howell.

The Guild society of the Episcopal church has offered the use of Guild hall as a regular meeting place for the local chapter, and a donation of $3.76 was also made by the Guild to the society. Further instructions will be sent here by the field secretary and when these arrive another meeting will be called, committees will be named to carry on the various department duties and actual work will begin among the members.

An invitation is extended to all persons in New Smyrna to become members of the new society and do what they can to further the work of the organization. The object is a worthy one and all patriotic citizens are expected to lend their support.

Governor Endorses Work

Governor Sidney J. Catts has issued the following endorsement of the Red Cross work:

To the Citizens of Florida—I have been requested by the ladies who are interested in the work of the Red Cross society in Tallahassee to speak a word favorable to this work which should be and is so highly commendable upon the part of these noble women as well as all others who are enlisted in the Red Cross work. It affords me pleasure to commend this work to our citizens in Florida believing that war is inevitable at the present time and the note of preparedness which has been sent throughout the length and breadth of our country urging upon us that we should take in every department of the work which will prepare us in case of emergency and there is none which appeals more strongly than this work of mercy done by the women in the Red Cross society upon the fields of battle, in camps among the wounded, and in fact in every department wherein the awful disasters of war are pealing forth the tocsins of death.

I hope that every good citizen will aid these commendable ladies in every way possible in their work.

With best wishes for them and for each and every citizen throughout the country at this time of distress and preparedness for war, I am

Yours very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Sheppard is Home

County Superintendent C. R. M. Sheppard, who submitted to an operation in a Jacksonville hospital several weeks ago and was seriously ill for a time, has sufficiently improved to return to his home in DeLand.

VOLUSIA CITIZENS DON'T FAVOR MOVE

RESOLUTION URGING REPRESENTATIVES TO WORK AGAINST NEW COUNTY ADOPTED AND FORWARDED TO CAPITAL.

The mass meeting of citizens and tax payers of Volusia county called for the purpose of discussing the formation of the proposed new county of Flagler in its relation to Volusia county and held in the Casino Burgoyne at Daytona Monday evening was in fact a mass meeting, the casino being filled with a crowd of interested persons, including quite a delegation from St. Johns county and the section it is proposed to amputate from Volusia county. A resolution was adopted urging Senator Alexander and Representatives Putnam and Sholtz to use their efforts to defeat the bill in so far as it related to Volusia county.

The meeting was called to order by Col. C. M. Bingham, mayor of Daytona, who was unanimously elected as chairman, with D. P. Smith, of New Smyrna, as secretary.

Col. Bingham called upon several gentlemen to speak on the subject of the call, but all declined on the ground that they had not been instrumental in making the call for the meeting and it rested with those who had, to forward the subject. It was finally suggested that I. I. Moody, of St. Johns county, the man responsible for the movement for the new county, was present and the chairman called upon Mr. Moody to explain his side of the question.

Mr. Moody responded, but stated that he did not feel able to present the subject as it should be done. He said, however, that he had with him Geo. W. Bassett, of St. Augustine, who was thoroughly familiar with the subject and conditions and would give the meeting facts and figures in relation to it.

Mr. Bassett spoke at some length, much of the time being devoted to a comparison of counties as they existed 30 years ago and at the present time. He dwelt strongly on the point that the section to be taken from Volusia county, 181 square miles, was the finest agricultural section in the county and that in the past 18 years, it had paid into the county road and bridge fund $48,000 and had received in return about $1,000 in road work. Mr. Bassett said the people of the Haw Creek district desired the formation of the new county as their interests were entirely different from those of the tourist towns of the county and he laid great stress on this being a democratic government and that the people of this comparatively small territory should be given a square deal.

Mr. Bassett was followed by J. H. Wendler, of Bulow, who made the strong speech of the evening against allowing any of Volusia county territory to be taken for the formation of Flagler county. He romped with Mr. Bassett's statement of the case and asserted that it was a move on the part of Mr. Moody for personal aggrandisement and gain. Mr. Bassett had read a petition signed by the mayor of Ormond and 13 other citizens, favoring the formation of Flagler county. Mr. Wendler stated that a petition with several times that number of Ormond citizens had been obtained by J. A. Reilly and had been that day forwarded to Tallahassee, protesting against the Flagler county bill.

Nathan Roberts, an old settler, of Haw Creek, and another resident of that district spoke in favor of the new county and their desire to become a part of it.

C. F. Burgman, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Volusia county, spoke against the measure and explained some of the matters referred to by Mr. Roberts in connection with his transactions with the board of county commissioners. O. A. Pacetti, of Dupont, spoke briefly in favor of the measure and Judge Isaac A. Stewart, of DeLand replied to a question concerning a legal point. R. L. Smith spoke strongly against the giving up of Volusia county territory and asked that resolutions be adopted by the meeting, urging the

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VALUE OF PREPAREDNESS

State board of Health Bulletin

Get vaccinated, and do it now.

Florida is suffering from a periodic visitation of smallpox. It is not in epidemic prevalence nor in virulent form, but scattered cases, or groups of cases, exist in various sections of the state, and it may spread to more formidable proportions unless precautions are taken. It is insidious and it is contagious and no man can tell when and where it may claim more victims.

Investigation by the health authorities show that the disease was brought from Georgia during the early part of the winter and from this it has been scattered over rather widely separated parts of Florida. Investigation by the same authorities show that in every case in the state, the victim has been an unvaccinated person.

The state board of health furnishes vaccine points free of cost to all applicants—fresh, clean points—and the services of the family doctor will complete the immunizing process, without which no person is absolutely safe from a risk of the scourge. Health boards, state, county or city, have not the authority to compel vaccination. It is a matter that rests entirely with the individual to accept or reject, but these same authorities favor, urge, entreat, everything but force, vaccination against smallpox.

Not many days ago a persistent ringing called the state health officer to his telephone and this is what he heard from an anxous female voice: "Doctor, I hear that there is smallpox about. Would you advise me and my children to be vaccinated?" And he replied: "Madam, would you wait until a fire broke out in the next block before you insured your home and all your possessions?"

More than a full century has demonstrated the value and efficiency of this preventive against smallpox, which before that had devasted half of Europe and had taken the toll of millions of human lives, leaving behind other millions of scarred and disgustingly marked remnants of humanity. Yet, with all this wonderful record of a simple remedy, given by the Creator through the instrumentality of a student of scientific cause and effect, we hear peepings of protest against its employment in these modern days. This protest is not argument, only the squeaks of ignorance and of the lingering weakness of the human intellect.

It is rather remarkable that some humans will accept other accomplishments of science, the telephone, the wireless, even the steam and gas engines, demonstrated by daily efficiency and necessary use, and will reject this scientific remedy against a loathsome disease, which was demonstrated years before any of the other discoveries were thought of.

It is possibly even more remarkable that in this age of advanced mental development it should be necessary to argue such a subject, to defend the employment of one of God's greatest gifts to His suffering people.

The use of the preventine of disease is not enforced by any law on any books. It is only a moral obligation imposed by the divine law that bids us use every legitimate means for our own highest physical and mental welfare, and by that higher law that commands us to conserve the welfare of our fellow man.

Don't neglect vaccination or satisfy yourself by taking the risk, a valueless form of self-insurance, that the disease will not come near you or yours.

HORRORS OF WAR.

As They Were Depicted by a Minister in Cromwell's Time.

That war has horrors and is to be avoided like a pestilence is no new discovery. Modern war is probably worse than any that preceded it, but from the beginning thoughtful, observing mankind has protested against the suffering and wastefulness caused by battle.

Here, for instance, is Rev. William Hooke, a New Haven minister, who later became a chaplain to Oliver Cromwell, writing in 1640 about war. The death dealing instrument of that day might now seem almost harmless by comparison with the implements used in these advanced times, but the New Haven man was keenly alive to the saddening aspect of their use.

"Warre," he writes, "is the conflict of enemies enraged with bloody revenge. The instruments are clashing swords, rattling spears, skull dividing Halberds, murthering pieces and thundering Cannons, from whose mouths proceed the fire and smell and smoke and terror, death, as it were, of the very bottomless pit."

The preacher's description of battle has all the vigor of early pulpit rhetoric. "Here ride some dead men swaggering in their deepe saddles," he pictures; "there fall others alive upon their dead horses; death sends a message to those from the mouths of the muskets; these it talks to face to face and stabs them in the fifth rib."

War becomes more terrible as man's ingenuity brings forth new instruments of torture.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"DRINK STORM" VICTIMS.

New Study of Why Some Men Go on Periodic Debauches.

There has recently been organized in Hartford, Conn., a foundation for a new line of research work relating to the alcoholic question. This research will have for its object the explanation of "drink storms," which attack men who are not regular drinkers, but suddenly plunge into a debauch and use liquor to excess for a limited period, after which they resume their usual condition of temperate living.

This subject is treated by Dr. T. D. Crothers of Hartford, Conn., in the New York Medical Record. He says: "What condition of body and mind furnishes the soil, plants the seed and favors the growth in inebriety and alcoholism is yet to be studied. What laws of growth, heredity, culture, surroundings, nutrition and mental impression favor the development of the drink evil are questions for the future.

"Why the degeneration from the use of alcohol is in one instance slow, concealed and breaking out only after a lifetime in various diseases; in another rapid, positive and most emphatic, and in a third concentrated on the brain and nervous system or on the organs of nutrition, and so on through a long list of questions as to why and how this or that particular phase of disease breaks out, are questions for future study.

"This is the new scientific field where exact study is called for, groupings of facts and studies of their meanings, to show the causes of alcohol addiction."

His Name Was "Ike."

I venture to assert that no one has the nerve to say that he ever hailed the late Wayne MacVeagh as "Ikey." But Ike he was in his boyhood.

His parents christened him Isaac Wayne MacVeagh, and his first law sign in West Chester read, "I. Wayne MacVeagh."

But, like Thomas Woodrow Wilson and Stephen Grover Cleveland, he long ago amputated what annoyed him as a superfluous name improved it, too, and made it sound far more distinguished.

Those of us who only knew the steel eyed, sharp tongued, witty, brilliant and eloquent MacVeagh, lawyer, statesman and politician, cannot possibly think of him as Ike.—Philadelphia Ledger.

An Adventurous American

By ALAN HINSDALE

Why Edward Delano, an American, with no especial sympathy with either side in the pan-European war, left a luxurious home to take part in it seems a mystery. And when we consider that he entered the aviation service to face the dangers of the land far up in the air, a position trying enough by itself without adding to the fact that one is liable to be dropped, not from a break of machinery, but a shot fired for the purpose, his action is hard to understand.

Delano entered the French aviation corps composed of Americans. He made flights from that part of Belgium which is nearest Zeebrugge, the base of the German flying machines. One day when he was sailing over the North sea near the coast he saw a little cigar shaped boat beneath him on the surface of the water, which he took for a submarine. It occurred to him that if he could swoop down low enough to get a good aim he might toss a bomb on to it and sink it. He didn't have much fear of it, for its guns were not made for sending shot into the upper air.

Circling, he drew a spiral down to within a couple of hundred feet. He feared to lose the game by its being submerged. But the captain had no such intention. Delano dropped a bomb, which stirred the water a hundred feet from the submarine. Not receiving a shot in return, he descended to within a hundred feet of his enemy and dropped another bomb. This struck the water about fifty feet on the other side of the submarine. He was getting a third bomb ready when a man with a rifle appeared on the submarine and fired a shot which exploded Ned's gasoline tank.

Ned was dropped into the water a dozen feet from the submarine. There was nothing for him to do but to strike out for the cigar shaped boat and give himself up. This he did and was received on board with praise for his daring.

However, there was no place to confine him, and there seemed to be no necessity to do so. He was made to do the work of one of the crew, the vessel being short handed, and this gave him the liberty of a man with duties to perform. His love for novelty was satisfied, for the boat frequently dived, and when she did Ned dived with her. Used as he was to sailing up in the air, he could not repress a sense of smothering at going down under the water the first time.

One day when the submarine was on the surface of the water a ship came in sight flying the British flag. Ned saw at once that he was liable to witness the destruction of a vessel. The submarine kept to the eastward of its intended victim and when the evening twilight came had the ship against it, while the submarine was in darkness. Then she pushed forward till within striking distance and called on the Britisher's crew to get into their boats.

The order was obeyed, and a number of shots were put into the hull below the water line. Ned saw her go down stern first, almost as a swimmer taking a dive, only the diver reappears, which the vessel did not.

While this was occurring darkness was falling. The last Ned saw of the ship's crew they were in their boats, the rowers resting on their oars watching their ship make her last plunge. What they did afterward could not be seen for the darkness. Ned wondered what they would do. Would they pull for the English or the Belgian coast? The distance to land eastward was so much less than westward that he believed they would take that direction. Likely they had taken a compass into their boats, which would give them their course.

Naturally the idea of escape from the submarine connected itself in his mind with the boats, though the hope of reaching them seemed madness. He was obliged to take his turn with the watch on deck. A couple of hours after the sinking of the ship he heard the sound of oars. Inferring that they were from the boats of the sunken ship, he listened eagerly. The sound—there were a number of boats pulling together—came from the west toward the submarine. The crew of the latter heard them, but, inferring that they were the sailors they had dispossessed, paid no attention to them.

Ned paid a good deal of attention to them. Getting as far from the rest of the watch as possible, he awaited the approach of the comers. He made up his mind that they would pass near the submarine, but whether south or north of it he could not tell. Presently he thought he heard them coming on the south.

Dare he try to join them? There was no light on the submarine's deck, and he could easily slide into the water and swim for them. If he missed them he would be lost. If he made them he would secure his freedom.

"Here goes!" he said to himself, and, lying down, he rolled into the water, which was so near to him that he made no splash. Once in the brine he began to swim lustily in the direction of the sounds. He swam perhaps a quarter of a mile when he heard a rear boat near him. He gave as loud a cry as he could. It was unheard. He gave another and realized that on it depended his life. Nevertheless it was more feeble than the last.

The sounds of rowing ceased. Taking advantage of the stillness, he gave one more cry. It was heard, a boat pulled toward him and took him aboard.

SCHOOL NOTES

Charles Yancey was enrolled in the third grade Monday of this week.

Owing to the lack of space and time many of the school notes have been ommitted this week.

The primary department of the school enjoyed an Easter egg hunt Friday afternoon in the woods.

Ruby Marshall and Helen Watson have departed for their respective homes in the north this week.

Carl Langford and Ruth Jones have been absent during the week from high school because of sickness.

The Parent-Teacher club met Friday afternoon with a good attendance. Various plans were discussed concerning the opening of the new school building. The definite plans of the committee will be announced later.

It has been recommended to the local board of trustees that a course of domestic science and manual training be installed in the carriculum of the coming school year. No action has been taken as yet. The plan was suggested by Principal Marks.

Employment Managers.

The function of securing the right kind of help and seeing to it that that help makes continued progress toward maximum efficiency is second to no other in any factory, and for this reason the manager of the employment department must have absolute authority over those functions or at least must have first hand access to the ear of the supreme administrative authority.—R. C. Clothier in Industrial Management.

Coolness Under Difficulties.

The grammar school principal went from room to room explaining what to do in case of fire. The pupils listened with careful attention until he came to his final instructions, then smiles and giggles disturbed the principal's serenity.

"Above all things," he said, "if your clothing catches fire remain cool."

Avoids Knockers.

Bill—Opportunity is knocking at your door daily, you know. Jill—Well, I don't pay any attention to "knockers," and if I did like as not he'd try to unload some new novelty of encyclopedia on me.—Exchange.

Church Notes

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH.

On Faulkner street.

Lewis D. Moore, Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock a. m.

Preaching services each Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Epworth League services at 6:45 o'clock Sunday evening.

Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

Corner Faulkner and Washington streets.

B. F. Green, Pastor.

M. W. Ashton, Sunday school superintendent.

Preaching services each Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Sunday school at 10 o'clock a. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Christian Science services are held every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock in the Woman's club room in the Gomez building on Magnolia street. Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock.

METHODIST CHURCH, SOUTH.

Corner Palmetto and Douglas streets.

H. A. Spencer, Pastor.

Preaching services each Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m by the pastor. Congregational singing. Chorus choir.

Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock a. m.

Epworth League at 6:30 p m.

Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7 p. m.

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Corner Palmetto and Downing streets

W. H. Cresson, Rector.

Services first and third Sundays in each month. First Sunday: Holy communion at 8 a m, morning prayer at 11 a. m. and evening prayer at 7:30 p. m. Third Sunday: prayer at 7 p. m. Third Sunday: Holy communion and sermon at 11 a m evening prayer at 7:30 p m.

Litany service Friday at 7:30 p. m.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST.

On Orange street.

Sabbath school every Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock, followed by some form of religious service.

I. D. Swingle, Sabbath school superintendent.

Prayer meeting during the winter season every Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

On Washington street.

Robert A. George, pastor.

J. R. Berry, Sunday school superintendent.

Sunday services: 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning service; 6:30 p. m., young people's hour; 7:30 p. m., evening service.

Wednesday evening, 7:30 o'clock, fellowship night.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

On Faulkner street.

Father Barry in charge.

Services twice in the month, on the second and fourth Sundays. On these Sundays mass is said at 10 a. m. and evening devotions at 7:30 p. m.

Bible history class at 4 p. m. on the Fridays preceding the second and fourth Sundays.

Catechism class at 9 a. m. on the Saturdays preceding the second and fourth Sundays.

Mass at 7 a. m. on the Mondays following the second and fourth Sundays.

Sunday school every Sunday at 9 a. m.

CORONADO METHODIST CHURCH.

Lewis D. Moore, Pastor.

H. C. Longstreet, Sunday school superintendent.

Preaching services every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Sunday school at 2 o'clock.

Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Thirty fatherless children from France have been adopted by citizens of Jacksonville, and it is believed that at least one hundred more will find homes in that city.

—x—

The city council of Plant City has authorized the placing of at least seventy one standards in the business district of the city for the installation of a white way.

—x—

Will Ingram, a negro, who killed his wife in Plant City in 1913 and made his escape, returned to that city last week and gave himself up to the city marshal.

—x—

J. A. Crane former secretary-treasurer of the good road bond trustees of Hillsborough county and who was $20,000 short in his accounts has repaid his bondsmen $9,000.

—x—

Palm Beach will have a new hotel of the most modern construction, which will cost approximately $400,000, according to the plans now in the hands of G. L. Pfeifer, of Lemon City, who is the architect in charge of the work.

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Building - Material

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New Smyrna Lumber Co.

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NEW SMYRNA NEWS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

PORT ORANGE

Wm. Duffett was in town Monday.

New spuds are selling in our local market for $1.00 per peck.

E. L. Winter is taking a few days vacation working on his farm.

The "Good Times Club" was entertained by Mrs. Maynard this Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Dondanville left today for their home in Soreno, Ill.

Mr. Weidman, who has been clerk in the Pattillo store for some months, is taking a vacation.

The dry windy weather has been very trying on the fruit trees and truck, especially on the higher grounds.

Mesdames Brooks and McCall, who have had apartments at the Porters, left for their homes in the north on Tuesday.

The Amidons left on Tuesday for their northern home, Mr. Amidon's daughter, Mrs. Guy Lamphear, accompanying them.

The basket supper at the school house on Friday night was much enjoyed by the participants and netted a little over $18. This is for the benefit of the school.

L. W. Sparkman has deserted the large army of Ford owners, he having exchanged his Ford on a Hudson six and is devoting his spare time exploring the intricacies of his new venture "inwards."

Marvin Pool, who has been visiting his son, J. M. Pool, has returned to his home in Chicago, being unable to remain away from his business as manager of Butler Bros store, of which he is one of the proprietors.

The stork left a son with Mrs. Dozier Hardy on Friday last at her parent's home, J. L. Tedder, Dozier being at Lakeland. On Saturday night the child died. Mr Hardy is well known in New Smyrna, being the son of Pierce Hardy.

A little damage was caused Sunday night when some reckless youths forgot themselves and broke out lights in front of important places, turned out stock, destroyed the tide table in front of the barber shop and several other little annoyances. A stop is to be put into effect at once against such outrages.

At the Progressive league meeting Monday night it was voted to get a flag and erect a pole, and a committee was appointed to wait on the patriotic friends for funds for this worthy purpose. A committee was also appointed to have a bath house erected on the beach for bathing purposes. After some minor business was transacted adjournment was taken until the 23rd inst.

Some 53 excursionists went on the "Two Friends" to Titusville Saturday with the promise of a moonlight ride home. This promise was more than fulfilled. The boat arrived at Titusville at 6:10 p. m., and did not get back to Port Orange until 7 o'clock Sunday morning with a worn out, sleepy lot of passengers, there being practically no chance for any sleeping on the boat. Sunday was more than usually a sleepy day for the passengers. A few wisely took the train home after spending the night in Titusville.

FIRE ON M'DONALD DREDGE AT ROSE BAY

A fire aboard the dipper dredge owned by C. M. McDonald & Son, of Daytona and tied up at the Rose Bay bridge was discovered by two men from Allandale Saturday night about dark, and owing to the quick action of the two the flames were extinguished before any appreciable damage was done.

The dredge is engaged in making a fill on the New Smyrna-Daytona road at Rose Bay, and at the time the fire was discovered no one was abroad, the men in charge having put out the fires under the boiler for the night and washed down the deck. The fire originated in a pile of cord wood, about 30 feet from the engine, the origin being unknown.

When Cecil McDonald visited the dredge Sunday he was informed of the fire. Owing to the fact that the dredge was tied up at the bridge had it not been for the fortunate discovery of the flames by the two from Allandale, it is probable that not only the dredge but also the bridge would [illegible] a total loss.

HAWKS PARK

Mr. and Mrs. John Baker left for the north Monday.

The Murrays spent the week end at their home in the Park.

Mesdames Love, Fuller and Keatley drove to Daytona Wednesday with Mrs. C. E. Vrooman.

Miss Leone Lamboley with a party of friends drove down from Holly Hill for a week end visit with Mrs. Heal.

The school children enjoyed an Easter egg hunt last Friday afternoon, which Mrs. Williams prepared for them.

Miss Gwendolyn Crawford, who has been visiting her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Crawford, has returned to DeLand.

Sunday, Mrs. C. E. Vrooman drove to DeLand with a party of friends to attend the vesper service at Stetson university.

Mrs Marshall and two daughters left Tuesday for New Orleans to visit a daughter there before going to their home in Bradford.

Saturday, Gilbert Ballentine took a picnic party down to Turner's landing composed of Mrs. Stoddard, Mrs. Pierre and sister, Miss Jagger, the Hamiltons and Murrays. A very enjoyable day was spent by all.

Mrs. Eaton and her daughter, Mrs. Baker, left Wednesday morning for their New Hampshire home. They expect to go by boat from Savannah to Boston. We wish them a safe and pleasant trip.

C. B. Matson has his machinery up and is sawing timber for his new mill. It sounds good to hear the hum and buzz of the saw, and the whistle three times a day, and it shows that we are growing and hope other industries will locate here.

CORONADO

Miss Marie Griest delightfully entertained the club on Wednesday.

Plans are well under way for the erection of the new Coronado club house.

Mr and Mrs. W. I. Dutcher are spending several days with friends in Sorrento, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Cooper spent Sunday with Mr. Cooper's parents in Sorrento, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman, of Buffalo, N. Y., are stopping at the Goble apartments for a time.

Clarence MacManigal, who has been spending the winter with the Detwilers left Tuesday for his home in Williamsport, Pa.

Rupert Longstreet, of DeLand, has been spending the past week at the home of his parents, entertaining the measles.

The following people left Monday morning for their respective homes in the north: Mrs. Compton and daughter, Georgia; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Minor; Mr. and Mrs. Baxter Bartholomew.

Interesting Easter Services

The Easter services in the Congregational church were of an unusually interesting character. The church had been beautifully decorated in magnolia foliage arranged to cover the entire choir railing, with here and there magnolia blossoms looking out. On the right and left of the pulpit platform covering the entire wall were massed magnolia, palmetto and bamboo foliage, arranged in a very artistic manner. The pulpit platform and railing were draped in white and purple and bunches of Easter lilies added much to the beauty and fitness of the occasion. A vested choir of 20 voices opened the morning and evening services with a processional, "Christ, the Lord, Is Risen Today." The choir was assisted by Mrs. McClain, Miss Jean Chapman and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Woodward.

The Easter evening service was largely given over to the children and young people, many taking part in songs, recitations and tableau.

An interesting feature of the morning service was the presentation of a cancelled note of $500, covering the total indebtedness of the church. Both the piano and the church organ have been repaired and tuned and the vestibule of the church has been festooned.

CHARTER BOARD ELECTION TO BE HELD NEXT WEEK

(Continued from Page One.)

clined to state to the voters whether they favor any change in the present city government are D. C. Silvers, W. P. Wilkinson, A. M. Yarbrough and F. W. Sams.

The list of voters qualified to participate in the special charter board election, prepared by the county supervisor of registration, shows W. P. Wilkinson and A. M. Yarbrough also disqualified to participate in the election. The state law specifically states that only resident, qualified electors may be members of the charter board.

In order to get the sentiment of the candidates the News sent to each of the 14 candidates whose names will appear on the official ballot the following letter, noting that it was a request from the voters to know how they stood on the question of a new charter:

"Because there has been little public discussion of what the citizens of New Smyrna are to expect in the way of a city charter to be drafted by the proposed new charter board to be elected April 17, and because the News has been asked many times how the several candidates stand on the matter of changing the form of city government and what form the voters may expect to be proposed in the new charter, we are enclosing a list of a few questions that have been asked, with the request that you will please answer them and return to us promptly in the enclosed stamped envelope.

"This is a request from the voters to know how you stand on these questions, and your answers will be given to the voters through the News this week.

"Please mail your answers so they reach us by Tuesday.

"Thanking you in advance for the courtesy, we are

"Yours truly,
"NEW SMYRNA NEWS,
"By H. L. Rood."

The list of questions submitted was as follows:

1. Do you favor retaining the present city charter without amendments?
2. Do you favor amending the present city charter? If so, state briefly what amendments you would propose.
3. Do you favor an entirely new charter providing for city government by a commission of three or five men to be elected by the people, who would have entire management of our city administration?
4. Do you favor an entirely new charter providing for a commission of three men to be elected by the people and be vested with legislative powers, and who will employ a man trained in scientific city management as city manager?
5. If what is known as the commission-manager form of charter is adopted, would you favor employing a local man as city manager?
6. Do you favor employing the city manager by popular vote?
7. Would you favor a referendum and recall on the city commissioners?
8. Do you favor a readjustment of the assessed valuations of city property for city taxation, or should we continue to use the valuations as fixed by the county tax assessor?
9. Do you favor woman's suffrage in all city elections?
10. Please state briefly other provisions you think should be incorporated in the city charter.

The result of this effort to learn for the voters of the city how the candidates stand on the matter of a change in the city government, is shown in the following replies received:

B. H. WILSON

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No. He should be employed by the commissioners.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: I favor readjustment and equalization.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: Manager should be paid a salary large enough to insure full time services of a competent man, and should hold office only so long as he rendered good service. Commissioners should be elected for one, two and three years, and one elected each year. City election should be held in March or early part of April, instead of July as at present.

W. C. CHOWNING

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: That the city manager shall also be the city engineer.

M. A. GALBREATH
(Not Qualified)

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No suggestions.

H. C. PHILLIPS

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: Yes, if for the best interests of the city.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: I favor readjustment.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No suggestions.

W. L. GAUSE

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No suggestions.

S. M. JONES
(Not Qualified)

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No ssuggestions.

J. J. BIRCH

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 9. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 10. Answer: No answer.

T. L. HOWELL
(Not Qualified)

Favors the commission manager form of government for the city, but is not qualified to participate in the special election; also, if he was qualified, feels that the duties of a member of the board would require more time than he could spare from his business.

W. L. RILEY
(Not Qualified)

Favors a change to the commission-manager form of government, but is not qualified to participate in the election and asks his friends not to vote for him but to vote for the five men who are qualified and have pledged themselves to prepare a commission-manager charter.

O. B. GRIGGS

Favors a change in the form of city government, but says the condition of his health will not permit him to serve on the charter board if elected. Authorizes the statement that he has withdrawn his name from the list of candidates and asks his friends not to vote for him.

D. C. SILVERS

Makes no answer.

W. P. WILKINSON

Makes no answer.

A. M. YARBROUGH

Makes no answer.

F. W. SAMS

Makes no answer.

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Very strong colonies in ten frame hives, $5.50 per colony; free delivery if five or more colonies bought at one time for $25. Are plenty strong enough to divide and make two from each one purchased.

GEO. J. VANDEVORD,
Mt. Dora, Florida

A STATEMENT

In anticipation of the increased prosperity supposed to follow the recent changes of property interests at Coronado Beach and vicinity, a few pertinent inquiries, which may interest those signing the petition calling for a bond issue for a bridge and road district, embraced in the county of Volusia and state of Florida, which is known as Commissioner's District No. 5, in accordance with chapter 6208 of the laws of Florida, acts of 1911, one section being designated as follows:

"One certain road described as beginning at Main street on Coronado Beach and running northwesterly along the Island about 0.32 of a mile, and beginning at Main street and running southeasterly along the Island about 1.17 miles, and beginning at City Dock on Indian river and running thence in an easterly direction across the Island to the Beach, a distance of about 0.36 of a mile, all being in Township 17 S. R 34 E."

Special reference is made to the last four lines of the petition, as cited, and to which at least 10 signatures are affixed whose property interests are located on Flagler avenue instead of a roadway 1200 feet distant from any recognized route of travel. In no subdivision of Coronado is there a street designated as Main street, and the deception was evidently intentional and calculated to advance the property interests of the lot owners on both sides of the improved street. Ten thousand dollars of the amount raised by the petitioners of the commissioner's district No. 5 have been deflected from the original purpose and the object of this communication is to endeavor to place the responsibility where it belongs, as apparently there are but four property owners being benefitted therefrom, and protests made at the time were unavailing. The petition is in evidence, and those signing for the improvement of the road now completed, instead of Flagler avenue will be given a hearing.

(Signed)

T. J. MURRAY
JOHN Y. DETWILER
C. L. DOHN
C. L. BERGE
J. H. HIBBARD
H. E. ZIPPERER

Holy Week Services

The union services of the churches during Holy week were well attended and much appreciated. It brought the members of the various churches together in a fraternal and helpful way. This kind of a movement sets a good example and answers a lot of objections and gives people an increasing interest in the work of the churches. The union communion service Thursday night was especially inspiring and many testified that it was the most helpful communion service they had ever attended. When the churches get together in this way they will come into increasing power in the community. The sunrise prayer meeting Easter morning under the Cathedral oaks was well attended and greatly appreciated. This was something new and its newness and fitness appealed to many people and there is an expressed desire that this may become an established Easter custom in New Smyrna.

TWO COMMISSIONERS ARE ASKED TO RESIGN PLACES

(Continued from Page One.)

my statement to be true. It has been currently reported for some time that I was to be removed to give room for a political favorite of those opposed to me. I am still hopeful that an executive order of yours may not accomplish what my opponents are unable to do before the people.

I must, therefore, respectfully decline to resign, and await your further advices in this matter.

Yours truly,
L. B. BOUCHELLE.

Burgman Also Requested

The letter from the governor to Commissioner Burgman of the Daytona district, asking for his resignation, was similar to the one written to Commissioner Bouchelle, and Mr. Burgman's reply to the governor is as follows:

"Responsive to yours of the 6th, inst., requesting that I tender to you my resignation as County Commissioner of the Fourth Commissioner's District of Volusia county received. Responding to same beg to submit for your consideration the following:

"In my letter to you of March 20th, last, I made to you full statement of my alleged connection with alleged Turnbull Bay association. That statement stands.

"I hereby deny and resent with all the power at my command your libellous accusation that I applied to the Federal authorities for a license to sell liquor at any place.

"I hereby deny and resent likewise with all the power of insulted manhood and American citizenship your outrageous statement that I am connected with, or ever assisted in the organization of, or ever visited any "joint" or immoral place where liquor is sold or has been sold.

"My life during my nineteen years residence among the people of this commonwealth has been an open book to any man, woman or child, and it has been clean. Neither you nor your political adherents can besmirch it by unfounded and false accusation.

"I have never received any warning from any "County Attorney" as you allege, "not to open any joint." There never existed any reason for such warning.

"I court the widest possible publicity and am ready now, or at any time to face accusers or malicious slanderers.

"I herewith absolutely refuse to resign as County Commissioner from this District at your request. I owe my election to the citizenship of this Commissioner's District. If guilty of the things you accuse me of I would owe it to them as a duty to resign and not to you.

"If it is your intention to attempt to remove me from this office to make room for some one of your followers, "go to it," the responsibility will be yours, not mine."

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New Smyrna Daytona

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEW SMYRNA NEWS

Volume 4, Number 46 — NEW SMYRNA, VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA, FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1917. — $1.50 a Year

TWO COMMISSIONERS ARE ASKED TO RESIGN PLACES

GOVERNOR'S REQUEST IS REFUSED BY BOTH

L. B. BOUCHELLE AND C. F. BURGMAN DECLINE TO GIVE UP PLACES ON VOLUSIA COUNTY BOARD.

Governor Sidney J. Catts has asked for the resignations of Dr. L. B. Bouchelle and C. F. Burgman, members of the Volusia county board of county commissioners, representing the New Smyrna and Daytona districts, respectively.

Both have refused to comply with the governor's request to hand in their resignations, and it remains to be seen whether the governor will use his authority and remove them from office. The reasons advanced by the governor in asking for the resignation of Dr. Bouchelle as a member of the board of county commissioners is explained in the following correspondence, which has passed between the state executive and the commissioner from this district:

Tallahassee, March 10, 1917.
Dr. L. B. Bouchelle,
New Smyrna, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Sheriff Morris of your county reports that in raiding a notorious dive near Daytona that was operating under the name of the Turnbull Amusement association, he found that you were one of the charter members. Numerous complaints have been made about the conduct of this dive and it was under instructions that the sheriff made the raid. He has made a full report of what he found, which shows that the parties operating it certainly had but little regard for law or decency.

Please explain your connection with this.

Yours very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Dr. Bouchelle's Reply

New Smyrna, Fla., March 12, 1917.
Hon. Sidney J. Catts,
Governor,
Tallahassee, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Replying to yours of the 10th inst. My connection with the "Turnbull Amusement association" consists of simply being a member. I have not now or at any time had any financial interest in it.

The charter was drawn up by an attorney whose office is in the same building as mine and it was upon his request that I allowed my name to be used in the corporation.

This explains my being a charter member.

Very truly yours,
L. B. BOUCHELLE.

Another from Governor

Tallahassee, Fla., March 14, 1917.
Hon. L. B. Bouchelle,
New Smyrna, Fla.
My Dear Sir:

I have your communication of the 12th and note what you say; that although you are a charter member you have never had anything to do with the operation of the Turnbull Amusement association nor have had any interest in it financially. The fact that you are a charter member of this club would lead one to think naturally that you were interested in its management and manipulation in every way and I must say to you very frankly that your letter is very unsatisfactory. You do not show where you have ever severed your relations with this club or saloon and as a charter member you are certainly responsible, partially, for its conduct. It is reported here that this is one of the most notorious dives and drinking places in the state of Florida and that it is probably one of the most wicked joints between Jacksonville and Key West. The report made by the sheriff when he raided the place a few days ago bears out these reports.

You are a member of the Board of County Commissioners in your county and as an officer it is your duty to see that the law is enforced instead of being an open and notorious lawbreaker, which you are if you are a member of this club.

I expect you to divest yourself of all interest in this joint immediately or else will ask you to resign your office as County Commissioner as holding the two positions is intolerable.

Please advise at your earliest convenience what your decision may be in the matter.

Very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Second Reply

New Smyrna, Fla., March 16, 1917.
Hon. Sidney J. Catts,
Governor,
Tallahassee, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Upon receipt of your communication of the 14th inst., which I acknowledge, I resigned all connection with the Turnbull Bay association.

I herewith enclose a copy of my resignation to the above association.

Very truly yours,
L. B. BOUCHELLE.

Asks for Resignation

Tallahassee, Fla., April 6, 1917.
Mr. L. B. Bouchelle,
New Smyrna, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Several reports have reached the office relative to your connection with the Turnbull Bay association, the prosecuting attorney as well having sent in a copy of your application to the federal authorities for a license to sell whiskey at that place, and so many protests as well having been received, I shall ask that you please send in your resignation as County Commissioner of District No. 4, Volusia county. I think this will be the easiest way out and will cause less publicity and trouble in every way. Your being connected openly, as you are, with this organization, renders it necessary for you to vacate the office as county commissioner.

You were advised by the county attorney, so I am reliably informed, before you opened up that joint that it was a violation of law and that you should not enter into it.

Your connection with it was deliberate and with full knowledge of what you were doing and I shall expect your resignation within the next few days.

Yours very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Refuses to Resign

New Smyrna, Fla., April 9, 1917.
Honorable Sidney J. Catts,
Governor, State of Florida,
Tallahassee, Fla.
Dear Sir:

Your letter of April 6th, 1917, received.

So far as trouble and publicity are concerned, because of any alleged connection on my part with the Turnbull Bay association, I covet and welcome the fullest publicity.

I was recommended for County Commissioner of District No. 5, not District No. 4, as stated in your letter, in the Democratic Primary of June, 1916. In the November election, my political enemies again endeavored to bring about my defeat through an independent candidate, but I was elected by a substantial majority. I have done no wrong, either legally or morally. So far as my connection with the Turnbull Bay association is concerned, the record in your hands prove

(Continued on Page Eight.)

OWN SERVICES AND HOSPITAL OFFERED

DR. DAVIS FORSTER MAKES GENEROUS OFFER TO GOVERNMENT IN CASE OF ACTUAL WARFARE.

Responding to the call of the federal government for physicians, surgeons and nurses in case actual warfare developes in this country, Dr. Davis Forster has notified the war department, tendering his services, and use of the Shelter sanitorium and grounds, with space for the location of about 40 tents.

In preparation of whatever emergency may arise the war department has been soliciting the aid of physicians and surgeons in all parts of the United States, to be called into service at any time they may be needed. The patriotic offer made by Dr. Forster is a very generous one and will undoubtedly be accepted by the government, if needed.

Fighting Top of Super-Dreadnought New York

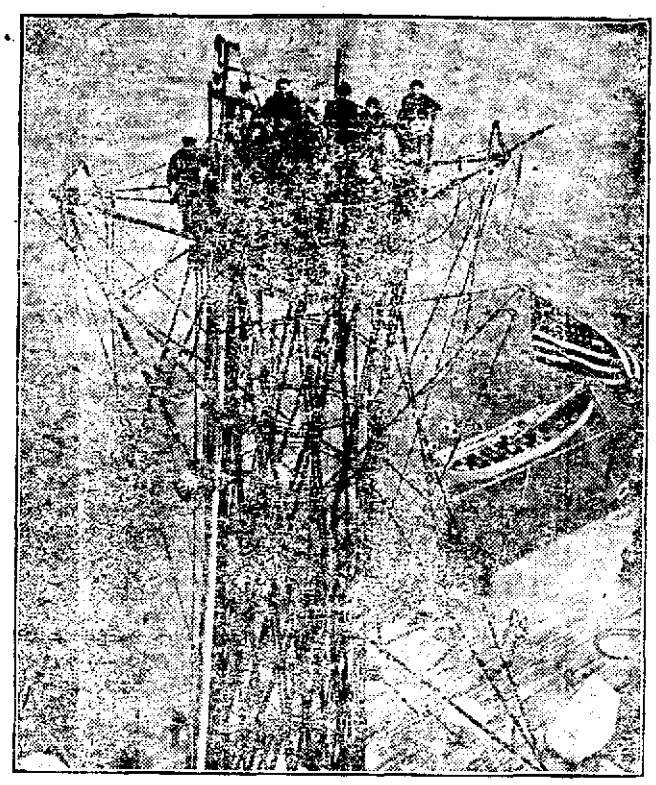

Photo by American Press Association.

The fighting tops of the lattice masts of the United States navy are found in no other navy. This shows one of the masts of the superdreadnaught New York. The size of the tops may be judged from the number of men assembled there.

CHARTER BOARD ELECTION TO BE HELD NEXT WEEK

CHANGE IN FORM OF GOVERNMENT SOUGHT

FIVE MEN AS CANDIDATES ARE IN FAVOR OF CHANGING TO THE COMMISSION-MANAGER FORM FOR CITY.

The special election to select the five men who will prepare a new charter or amendments to the present charter of the city of New Smyrna will be held next Tuesday, and at that time the voters will name the men who will act as their representatives in preparing the charter for the future government of this city.

A total of 14 names of candidates will appear on the official ballots, and of these several are said to be disqualified to serve as members of the board if elected, because of being disqualified to participate in the special election, and have asked their friends not to vote for them for this reason.

The general sentiment among the citizens of New Smyrna favors an entirely new charter calling for a change to the commission-manager form of government, and of the candidates whose names will appear on the ballot, five have pledged themselves to prepare such a charter if elected. Four of these candidates have declined to state whether they favor retaining the old charter in its present form, or whether they favor any kind of a change.

Four of these have not qualified to participate in the special election, and there is a legal question as to whether they would be qualified to serve as members of the board if elected. All of these men are strongly in favor of making a change to the commission-manager form of government, but because of the legal question raised have asked that their friends do not vote for them in the election, but to vote for the five men who are pledged to prepare the commission-manager charter.

The five men who are pledged to prepare a commission-manager form of charter if elected are J. J. Birch, W. C. Chowning, W. L. Gause, H. C. Phillips and B. H. Wilson.

The four men who favor the commission-manager charter, but are not qualified to vote and have asked their friends to vote for the five men named above are T. L. Howell, M. A. Galbreath, S. M. Jones and W. L. Riley.

Dr. O. B. Griggs has stated he is in favor of a change in the present form of government but has asked his friends not to vote for him as his health will not permit him to serve.

The four candidates who have de-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

APRIL 23RD TO 28TH DATES FOR CLEAN-UP

WOMAN'S CLUB INAUGURATES MOVEMENT TO CLEAN UP CITY AND MAYOR AND COUNCIL WILL HELP.

PROCLAMATION

To all citizens of the city of New Smyrna:

From April 23rd to April 28th has been designated as "Clean-up week," for the city of New Smyrna. It is my request and the wishes of the city council that everyone clean up their premises, burn up all rubbish that will burn and put such stuff that will not burn in boxes and barrels. The city teams will take all stuff of this kind away. Clean premises will not breed flies and mosquitoes and will prohibit the spreading of contagious diseases.

H. E. ZIPPERER, Mayor.

Week after next has been designated as the annual clean-up time for the city of New Smyrna.

Every property owner and tenant is requested to give his own or the premises he is occupying a thorough cleaning up at that time.

The Woman's club of New Smyrna is behind the movement, and with the endorsement and help of the city officials and the help of all citizens they hope to make this the most thorough and successful clean-up campaign that has ever been carried on in the city.

From the standpoint of sanitation and civic pride the women should have the support of every citizen of New Smyrna in this effort and the result should be a new New Smyrna, presenting a beautiful appearance and sanitary condition.

Mrs. G. M. Marshall, president of the Woman's club, is active in pushing the preparations for the clean-up campaign, and she will appreciate the assistance of every man and woman in the city in making it a success.

Motored to Cocoa

A pleasant party, made up of the following, motored to Cocoa one day last week and spent a delightful time in that city and at Rockledge: Mrs. Mills, mother and two daughters of Jacksonville, Mrs. Moore of New York, Mrs. Mabel Mills and son of Ann Arbor, Mich., Mrs. F. J. Russell and Mrs. L. E. Cox.

MASS MEETING PROTESTS AGAINST FLAGLER COUNTY

RED CROSS CHAPTER IS ORGANIZED HERE

SOCIETY FORMED WITH GOOD MEMBERSHIP AND ACTIVE WORK WILL BEGIN AFTER NEXT MEETING.

Enlisting for whatever duties may be assigned to them as members of the Red Cross, the New Smyrna chapter of the Red Cross society, as a branch of the North Florida chapter, was organized here last week, and the new organization has started out with a membership of 65.

The members of the local chapter will be expected to do home work and assist in preparing supplies to be used by the national organization.

Dr. M. Weintraub, of Jacksonville, field secretary for the North Florida chapter of the Red Cross society came to New Smyrna last week Thursday and the first meeting for the organization of the local chapter was held Thursday evening. A temporary organization was formed at this meeting, and another meeting was held Friday afternoon in Guild hall. The field secretary thoroughly explained the work of the society and what was expected of the local members and the organization was perfected by the selection of the following officers:

Chairman—Rev. B. F. Green.
First Vice Chairman—Mrs. W. C. Chowning.
Second Vice Chairman—Mrs. D. P. Smith.
Secretary—Mrs. E. M. Little.
Treasurer—M. W. Ashton.
Executive Committee—Dr. W. C. Chowning, L. H. Elias, Mrs. J. H. Hibbard, Mrs. K. C. Goodwin, Mrs. T. L. Howell.

The Guild society of the Episcopal church has offered the use of Guild hall as a regular meeting place for the local chapter, and a donation of $3.76 was also made by the Guild to the society. Further instructions will be sent here by the field secretary and when these arrive another meeting will be called, committees will be named to carry on the various department duties and actual work will begin among the members.

An invitation is extended to all persons in New Smyrna to become members of the new society and do what they can to further the work of the organization. The object is a worthy one and all patriotic citizens are expected to lend their support.

Governor Endorses Work

Governor Sidney J. Catts has issued the following endorsement of the Red Cross work:

To the Citizens of Florida—I have been requested by the ladies who are interested in the work of the Red Cross society in Tallahassee to speak a word favorable to this work which should be and is so highly commendable upon the part of these noble women as well as all others who are enlisted in the Red Cross work. It affords me pleasure to commend this work to our citizens in Florida believing that war is inevitable at the present time and the note of preparedness which has been sent throughout the length and breadth of our country urging upon us that we should take in every department of the work which will prepare us in case of emergency and there is none which appeals more strongly than this work of mercy done by the women in the Red Cross society upon the fields of battle, in camps among the wounded, and in fact in every department wherein the awful disasters of war are pealing forth the tocsins of death.

I hope that every good citizen will aid these commendable ladies in every way possible in their work.

With best wishes for them and for each and every citizen throughout the country at this time of distress and preparedness for war, I am

Yours very truly,
SIDNEY J. CATTS,
Governor.

Sheppard is Home

County Superintendent C. R. M. Sheppard, who submitted to an operation in a Jacksonville hospital several weeks ago and was seriously ill for a time, has sufficiently improved to return to his home in DeLand.

VOLUSIA CITIZENS DON'T FAVOR MOVE

RESOLUTION URGING REPRESENTATIVES TO WORK AGAINST NEW COUNTY ADOPTED AND FORWARDED TO CAPITAL.

The mass meeting of citizens and tax payers of Volusia county called for the purpose of discussing the formation of the proposed new county of Flagler in its relation to Volusia county and held in the Casino Burgoyne at Daytona Monday evening was in fact a mass meeting, the casino being filled with a crowd of interested persons, including quite a delegation from St. Johns county and the section it is proposed to amputate from Volusia county. A resolution was adopted urging Senator Alexander and Representatives Putnam and Sholtz to use their efforts to defeat the bill in so far as it related to Volusia county.

The meeting was called to order by Col. C. M. Bingham, mayor of Daytona, who was unanimously elected as chairman, with D. P. Smith, of New Smyrna, as secretary.

Col. Bingham called upon several gentlemen to speak on the subject of the call, but all declined on the ground that they had not been instrumental in making the call for the meeting and it rested with those who had, to forward the subject. It was finally suggested that I. I. Moody, of St. Johns county, the man responsible for the movement for the new county, was present and the chairman called upon Mr. Moody to explain his side of the question.

Mr. Moody responded, but stated that he did not feel able to present the subject as it should be done. He said, however, that he had with him Geo. W. Bassett, of St. Augustine, who was thoroughly familiar with the subject and conditions and would give the meeting facts and figures in relation to it.

Mr. Bassett spoke at some length, much of the time being devoted to a comparison of counties as they existed 30 years ago and at the present time. He dwelt strongly on the point that the section to be taken from Volusia county, 181 square miles, was the finest agricultural section in the county and that in the past 18 years, it had paid into the county road and bridge fund $48,000 and had received in return about $1,000 in road work. Mr. Bassett said the people of the Haw Creek district desired the formation of the new county as their interests were entirely different from those of the tourist towns of the county and he laid great stress on this being a democratic government and that the people of this comparatively small territory should be given a square deal.

Mr. Bassett was followed by J. H. Wendler, of Bulow, who made the strong speech of the evening against allowing any of Volusia county territory to be taken for the formation of Flagler county. He romped with Mr. Bassett's statement of the case and asserted that it was a move on the part of Mr. Moody for personal aggrandisement and gain. Mr. Bassett had read a petition signed by the mayor of Ormond and 13 other citizens, favoring the formation of Flagler county. Mr. Wendler stated that a petition with several times that number of Ormond citizens had been obtained by J. A. Reilly and had been that day forwarded to Tallahassee, protesting against the Flagler county bill.

Nathan Roberts, an old settler, of Haw Creek, and another resident of that district spoke in favor of the new county and their desire to become a part of it.

C. F. Burgman, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Volusia county, spoke against the measure and explained some of the matters referred to by Mr. Roberts in connection with his transactions with the board of county commissioners. G. A. Pacetti, of Dupont, spoke briefly in favor of the measure and Judge Isaac A. Stewart, of DeLand replied to a question concerning a legal point. R. L. Smith spoke strongly against the giving up of Volusia county territory and asked that resolutions be adopted by the meeting, urging the

(Continued on Page Five.)

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WAR SWEPT CHIOS

The Historic Aegean Island and Its Stormy Career.

BATHED IN BLOOD BY TURKS.

In 1822 an Army of Moslems Slaughtered 30,000 of Its People and Pillaged and Burned the Island—Twice Laid Waste by Earthquakes.

The Aegean island of Chios is the subject of a striking communication to the National Geographic society from Ernest Lloyd Harris, a part of which is issued as the following bulletin:

"Chios, which is separated from the mainland of Asia Minor by the strait of Chios, only four and a half miles wide, has long been a bone of contention between Turk and Greek, and during the earlier part of the nineteenth century it was the scene of some of the bloodiest tragedies known to history.

"As early as 700 B. C. it was one of the richest and most important members of the Ionian union. It has disputed with Smyrna the honor of being the birthplace of Homer. When the Ionian cities rebelled against the Persian yoke Chios manned and equipped 100 ships and sent them to the battle of Lade. This stands for something when we take into consideration the fact that at that time—namely, 401 B. C.—the population of the island numbered only 30,000 freemen and 100,000 slaves.

"Chios has been in turn Ionian, Persian, Athenian, Roman, Italian, Turkish, and finally, in 1913, after a separation of nearly 2,400 years, it was united once more to the parent country, Greece. As one may well imagine, a little island of 318 square miles which has changed masters so many times necessarily must have suffered much from the strife which swept over it.

"Twice has this island been visited by terrible earthquakes. The first was away back in 17 A. D. and it was [illegible] Emperor [illegible] the people [illegible] the town of Kastro was practically laid waste. [illegible] the earthquake visited the island and many beautiful and [illegible] monasteries, some of which contained priceless objects of art, valuable libraries and [illegible] of antiquity, were completely lost.

"But in spite of all these vicissitudes Chios has also seen many happy days. Even in the old days of the Ionian union it was celebrated on account of its commerce and industries, especially for its native wine and the manufacture of beds and sofas. Under Rome the island was ruled as an insular province and enjoyed several hundred years of almost unbroken peace and prosperity.

"Chios' real troubles virtually began with the Greek war of independence. Somewhat against the will of the people, the island became involved in this struggle and was visited by a massacre which appalled humanity. In 1822 the captain pasha appeared before Kastro with a powerful fleet and landed an army of Moslems, who slaughtered in the space of two months no less than 30,000 Chians, while 32,000 were sold into slavery. The entire island was given over to pillage, and scarcely a village, church or convent was spared the flames.

"These acts of ferocity did not go unavenged. While the Moslems were ravaging Chios the islanders of Psara and Hydra were planning an attempt on the Turkish fleet, which was lying in the outer harbor of Kastro, just off the Genoese citadel. The authors of this bold strike were Constantine Canaris and George Pepinos. They arranged two brigs as fire ships and manned them with a chosen band of desperate men.

"The lights hanging at the masts of the Turkish ships were so dim that the Chians were enabled completely to surprise the unsuspecting crew at midnight. The brig commanded by Canaris immediately grappled with the captain pasha's flagship and set it on fire. Pepine was equally successful, and another battleship went up in flames. With shouts of 'Victory to the Cross!' the old time war cry of Byzantium, the islanders escaped in a launch which they had in tow without the loss of a single man. Practically the whole of the captain pasha's fleet was destroyed, and 2,300 lives were lost.

"There is an old Greek monastery about an hour's ride from Kastro which is a gruesome monument of this period. Its walls and alcoves are faced with the skeletons of the Chians massacred in this neighborhood.

"One of the chief products of Chios is gum mastic, an astringent which is grown in the southern part of the island. It is used as a gum and also distilled as a liquid, which is used throughout the Levant as an appetizer immediately before meals. It is an intoxicant if used immoderately.

"One feature of the scenery of Chios is the picturesque old windmills which crown the ridges and slopes along the coast. The wheels are of very large dimensions and are fitted with sails, which supply the motive power for grinding corn. Owing to the possible visitation of earthquakes, the houses are rarely more than two stories high and when scattered along the countryside are usually surrounded by olive or pepper trees, which add much to the beauty and charm of the island."

A Florentine Episode

By ELINOR MARSH

Arthur Hemstreet, a rich young American, before settling down to a career, concluded to spend a season in Europe. He sailed from New York to Naples, thence proceeded to Rome and later to Florence.

It is supposed by persons who have not been in Italy that one sees everywhere relics of the ancient Romans. There are comparatively few such relics, but there are many of mediaeval Italy. The most costly dwellings are "palazzos," built several centuries ago. Hemstreet took a fancy to Florence and concluded to spend some time there, so he rented a palazzo, or, rather, half a one, and, hiring servants, settled himself down, as it were, in the middle of the sixteenth century.

The building had been divided into two parts, the part that Hemstreet did not occupy being occupied for a small family hotel, or rather what in Europe is called a pension, which is midway between a hotel and a boarding house.

One rainy afternoon Hemstreet, who had spent most of the day in the picture galleries for which Florence is noted, came to his palazzo. It was so dark that his servants had lighted the lamps, and, going upstairs, as he entered the hall on which his bedroom was located, he was astonished to see that the hall was double the length he had supposed it to be. At any rate, he saw double the lights, but they were dim, as were the objects they lighted.

Hemstreet was very much puzzled. Going into his room he threw off his wet overcoat and rubber shoes, then went out with the intention of exploring the hall. He was surprised to see that it ended as he had understood it to end with a picture.

Hemstreet was frightened. Surely something had broken loose in his brain. He went to the picture, examined it, saw that it was what he had supposed it was and went away resolved to watch him elf closely for other symptoms of a disordered mind. But he felt as well as he had ever felt and after awhile he ceased to worry about any supposed disorder.

However, he never went upstairs to his room without looking as soon as he turned into the hallway to see if it had been doubled as before. But the figures of the picture were always there and the hallway was of its usual length.

One night when Hemstreet was in bed he heard, or fancied he heard, a giggle in the hall. There were no women in the house except a couple of housemaids who knew their place and were in bed when Hemstreet had come in. Curious to know what the sound meant, he arose and, cautiously opening his door enough to see through the aperture, saw a sight that amazed him more than his previous unexplained one. A young girl stood in the hall facing the picture, laughing and beckoning. She was all aquiver with excitement, though she did not speak except in pantomime.

Thunderstruck, Hemstreet turned from the door, felt in a closet for a dressing gown, then hunted for a pair of slippers beside his bed, for he dare not strike a light for fear of scaring the apparition without, then returned to the door, threw it open and went out intending, if it were flesh and blood, to capture it.

The hall was empty.

He looked to the end toward which the girl had beckoned. There was the picture, its figures immovable as ever.

Hemstreet went back to bed in wonder. Somehow it did not seem to him that he had seen a ghost. He felt no terror, though he began to worry anew lest there was a hitch in his brain. He lay awake most of the night trying to solve the problem, but finally went to sleep thinking of it.

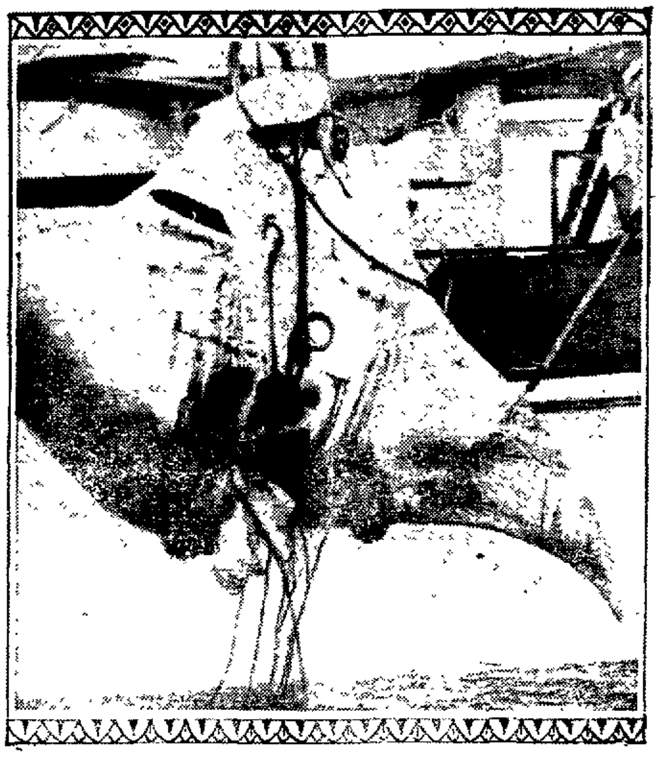
He arose the next morning shortly before time for luncheon and stood looking out on to the street. A cab drove up to the pension, next door, and a party alighted, which included several girls. Hemstreet was thunderstruck to recognize in one of these girls the one who had stood in his hallway the night before.

It was now evident that the apparition was flesh and blood and doubtless on a lark. Hemstreet went next door and asked if there was any passageway between the pension and his domicile, but the landlady answered him that the two wings had been thoroughly cut off from each other. She had a motive in this since she suspected that Hemstreet had lost property, which would be laid to some one in her wing.

Hemstreet kept an eye out for the apparition in the galleries and finally came upon her. She was an American with a party of Americans. After securing an introduction to her he accused her of having trespassed on his premises. She colored and after some hesitation confessed.

A hallway extending from one end to the other of the original palazzo had been cut in two parts by a door swinging on a central pivot. On one side of the door was a mural painting, on the other a mirror. A party of tourist girls in the pension had discovered this secret and one night, led by the girl Hemstreet had discovered, made a foray into his hallway. Only the girl in question entered, the rest hanging back. She was beckoning them to come when Hemstreet discovered her. While he had been hunting for his gown she had beaten a retreat and swung the door back to its original place.

SEA DEVIL CAUGHT BY VANDERBILT



William K. Vanderbilt, Jr.'s one ton devil fish captured after a four and a half hour struggle in Florida waters. It is fifteen feet four inches across and thirteen feet two inches from snout to tail.

HIS LOVE FOR HIS DEAD.

He Made It a Power to Gladden Some of the Needy Living.

A little old man came into the office of the Chicago Charities the other day and laid down $150, "to help out some needy families." Then he told them a story.

"Years ago, when all of my folks were living, I couldn't afford to give presents. Things are different now but most of my folks have gone. I went shopping, just as if my folks were alive. I picked out a shawl for an aunt of mine. She's dead and so I didn't buy it, but I put down the amount of money I would have spent. Then I went after some things for my dead brother and for my father and mother and for a few old friends of mine. I didn't really get them, you know, but I priced the things I thought they would like. When I added up all the money I would have spent it came to almost $170, so I added a little to it and here it is."

Has any one heard of a finer, more beautiful way of showing a man's love for his dead? The things he had wanted to do it was too late to do now. He might, it is true, have spent money on stone to make more artificial and melancholy the quiet hillside where "his folks" rest. He found a better way to spend his affection, to remember in fancy those he could no longer reach and then to see that his loving memory of them went to make others happier. He made his love for his dead a power to gladden the living. He laid tribute on grief and made it a blessing. It is not a sad story. We need not pity him. But we cannot help loving him.—Milwaukee Journal.

SHELL SHOCK IN BATTLE.

A Curious Fact That Only Unwounded Men Suffer From It.

By the methods of modern war no inconsiderable proportion of battlefield casualties are due to shell shock—a new terror of battle and one that was unknown before the advent of later day high explosives.

It is a curious fact that only unwounded men suffer from shell shock. Eminent surgeons say that a wound neutralizes the psychic sense—in plain English that nerves do not affect a wounded man in the same way as an unwounded one.

For shell shock is nothing more or less than a nervous breakdown—a terribly intensive breakdown that physicians find most difficult to cure. It is entirely a mental cause, and though it is called shell shock it has very little to do with shells.

There are men, brave men, too, who find the strain of war too great for their mental stamina. They see terrible sights and hear terrible things, and these react upon them temperamentally and physically. Gradually, perhaps unconsciously, their ability to resist is overborne. Their mental power is exhausted. They become afraid—dreadfully, terribly afraid—and the end is only a matter of time.

A certain cure has yet to be found, though severe electrical treatment has had some effect.—London Answers.

According to the new city directory Tampa has a population of 71,305.

Where the Laborer Is King.

The day laborer, as opposed to the employer and to other workers, is king in Australia. The unions, through the labor party, practically control the executive, legislative and judicial machinery of the cities, the states and the commonwealth. Forty-eight hours is the recognized maximum for a week's work, but in certain occupations forty-four, forty-two, forty, and even thirty-six hours are considered full time. Some of the bigger building trades have a forty-four hour week, and it is probable that this figure will become the recognized standard for all labor. Of the "four sacred eights" in the original slogan—"eight hours' work, eight hours' play, eight hours' rest and eight bob a day"—only the portion relating to rest has been retained.

Parentheses and Brackets.

Know all writers, compositors and proofreaders by these presents: Marks of parentheses (which are frequently required) are not to be confounded with brackets ["Hear, hear!"], which serve a different purpose. The use of one for the other [vide almost any newspaper page] is extremely sloppy (if you know what we mean) and exhibits lack of familiarity with or indifference to the technique of writing. [Applause.]

Milk a Pain Killer.

"Everybody should know that milk is an excellent pain killer," says Farm and Fireside, "first, because it gives almost immediate relief and, second, because milk or cream is nearly always available. If a person should get tar in the eyes, put in a few drops of milk or cream. It will also afford great relief if cement or a gnat should get in the eyes."

Alachua county will vote on the proposition of issuing bonds in the sum of $500,000 for the building of good roads. The election takes place on April 27.

PUBLIC HEALTH WORK.

Too Many People Die From Causes That Are Preventable.

Probably 350,000 people die yearly in the United States from preventable causes; also something like 2 per cent of the population is disabled from sickness at any given time, and a large part of this is preventable.

The standing problem before public health boards is: How, with the means at their disposal, to make the greatest possible reduction in this social waste?

Perhaps there has been more co-operation in this governmental field than in any other—a freer circulation of ideas and experience, so that one community has profited by the discoveries of another. Yet the work is far from systematized.

A pamphlet by the Russell Sage foundation suggests that, with adequate reports on mortality and sickness, communities which have the same general health conditions may by careful study and comparison work out a formula for applying their health appropriations with reasonable certainty of getting the best possible results for the money.

The first factor in the formula would be the amount of damage produced by any given cause of sickness and death. The second factor would be the readiness with which this cause yielded to preventive measures. For example, cancer causes much damage, but in the present stage of medical science is not classed as a preventable disease. On the other hand, smallpox causes little damage, but its potentialities of damage are high and it readily yields to the simple preventive of vaccination. By a sufficiently careful study of adequate data a health board can reduce this to mathematical terms and say, with assurance, "Twenty-four per cent of our appropriation should go to preventing infants' diseases; 12 per cent to tuberculosis." And so on—the figures varying, of course, under different conditions of climate, housing, and the like.

The plan is a suggestion as to what may be accomplished by co-operation among towns.—Saturday Evening Post.

LOW TIDES ON THE BEACH

Afternoon and forenoon tides come at approximately the same hour and minute.

Day	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
1	6 37	7 35	9 06	7 31	8 51
2	6 59	8 25	10 01	8 33	9 43
3	8 04	9 37	10 58	9 31	10 50
4	9.07	10 30	11 57	10 24	11 47
5	10 03	11 25	12 51	11 14	11 51
6	10 58	12 10	1 07	11 58	12 37
7	11 15	12 56	1 36	12 38	1 13
8	12 21	1 [illegible]	2 40	1 11	1 10
9	1 17	2 11	2 50	1 47	2 21
10	1 56	2 46	3 23	2 20	[illegible]
11	2 35	3 21	3 57	2 51	[illegible]
12	3 12	3 51	4 31	3 25	4 31
13	3 49	4 25	5 20	4 01	5 37
14	4 29	5 12	6 15	4 51	6 39
15	5 17	6 02	7 17	5 50	7 41
16	5 59	6 47	8 22	6 55	8 42
17	6 25	7 18	9 27	8 00	9 40
18	7 29	8 50	10 30	9 05	10 32
19	8 22	9 51	11 28	10 06	11 25
20	9.19	10 40	12 22	11 01	12 17
21	10 17	11 39	1 10	11 56	1.05
22	11 14	12 44	1 54	12 16	1 46
23	12 09	1 33	2 42	1 29	2 28
24	1 01	2 21	3 21	2 16	3 11
25	1 52	3 07	4 13	2 59	3 55
26	2 29	3 44	4 58	3 42	4 35
27	3 28	4 10	5 51	4 28	5 28
28	4 19	5 31	6 34	5 17	6 21
29	5 09	6 09		6 11	7 15
30	6 07	7 09		6 59	8 06
31	6 37	8 08		7 55	

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MUSTANG LINIMENT

Good for the Ailments of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Etc.

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25c. 50c. $1. At all Dealers.

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Baggage Transfer

Agents for COLUMBUS WAGONS

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DR. G. A. KLOCK

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DAYTONA : FLORIDA

x x x

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J. LITTLE

BRICK PLASTERER CEMENT WORKER

New Smyrna - - - - - Florida

M. B. FIVEASH

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

New Smyrna, Florida

Clear Your Complexion with This Old Reliable Remedy—HANCOCK SULPHUR COMPOUND

For pimples, black-heads, freckles, blotches and tan, as well as for more serious face, scalp and body eruptions, hives, eczema, etc., use this scientific compound of sulphur. As a lotion, it soothes and heals; taken internally—a few drops in a glass of water—it gets at the root of the trouble and purifies the blood.

Physicians agree that sulphur is one of the most effective blood purifiers known. Remember, a good complexion isn't skin deep—it's health deep.

Be sure to ask for HANCOCK SULPHUR COMPOUND. It has been used with satisfactory results for over 25 years.

50c and $1 the bottle

at your druggist's. If he can't supply you, send his name and the price in stamps and we will send you a bottle direct.

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Third Winter New Smyrna, Florida

FLORIDA EAST COAST RAILWAY

ON ACCOUNT OF DISCONTINUING THE FLORIDA LIMITED TRAINS, AND UNTIL NEW TIME CARD IS PUBLISHED, PASSENGERS SHOULD CONSULT THE TICKET AGENT FOR SCHEDULE INFORMATION.

J. D. RAHNER

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

At the regular meeting of the board of county commissioners held April 5, the report of the road superintendent for the month of March was read as follows:

As your road superintendent, I beg leave to report that I have inspected the roads in nearly all portions of the county, investigating their conditions and needs.

The convicts have been employed for about two weeks dressing the earth shoulders of the brick roads in and near DeLand. They were used for two weeks widening the grade on the DeLand-Daytona road near Tiger bay, doing the work with wheel barrows and with hired teams. Two days the convicts were used repairing the grade at the Tomoka fill.

In district No. 4, free labor and teams have been used to put the DeLand-Daytona road in passable condition.

In district No. 1, some repair work has been done on the Orange City-Sanford road.

Repairs have been made at the Crow's Bluff ferry and chain ordered for the ferry at Astor. Also minor repairs have been made on small wooden bridges in districts Nos. 4 and 3.

I have found that one six-horse grader, one four-horse grader and five two-horse graders can be put in good condition at a reasonable cost. One tractor and one truck which are not in working order will be sold when a prchaser can be found.

Respectfully submitted,
I. F. WATERMAN,
Road Superintendent.

A delegation of gentlemen from Brevard, Orange and Seminole counties, appeared before the board on behalf of improvement to the road from Southmere to Seminole county line and after presenting their claims were given assurance that Volusia county would do what she could toward the improvement of said road.

Commissioners from districts Nos. 1, 2, 4 and 5 reported general repairs to roads and bridges in their respective districts.

The clerk was instructed to pay to the White Motor Car company the sum of $1,675. (now here received from Ackerman & Ellis on account of shell used by them from the county shell pit) for one White road truck and said company is instructed to deliver said truck to the county on order from the clerk.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Whereas, Hamilton Johnson, contractor for road No. 3 in the DeLand-Lake Helen and New Smyrna road district has requested leave to sublet 14 miles of said road in the New Smyrna district to Akerman & Ellis, now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the board hereby consents that said contract may be so sublet as provided in article 12 of said contract, relative to the subletting of same.

At the request of F. G. Proudfoot, on account of the absence of his attorney, the matter of adjustment of F. G. Proudfoot's contract on the DeLand-Daytona road was laid over until such time, between this date and the next regular meeting of the board as may be agreed upon by the chairman and Mr. Proudfoot, when, at such time, the board will be called to meet in Daytona and proceed to a hearing on the matter.

The chairman presented to the board the condition of the finances of Halifax road and bridge district, with a map showing road connection in the north end of said district, and called on T. F. Williams, who represented the Halifax company, through whose property said road would run, as to the stand his company would take if any change was made from the original contract for building said road.

Mr. Williams stated that his company would demand that said road from the Tomoka river north to the county line be built strictly according to contract.

It was ordered, on the advice of the attorneys for the board, that a sufficient amount be withheld from the final estimates of all contractors to meet the claims filed against them with the board.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes.

Whereas, The matter of the right of way of the F. E. C. Ry. and the right of way of the county road over the T. C. Marlowe land as per deed, recorded in deed book — page — has been satisfactorily adjusted by the F. E. C. Ry. company, having deeded to the county of Volusia a right of way over the Marlowe land, and

Whereas, They have constructed a public highway over said land satisfactory to the board of county commissioners, the petition for the change of said road is hereby denied, and be it

Resolved, That the highway be changed in accordance with the deed from the F. E. C. Ry to the county of Volusia, and that the said road be and the same is hereby accepted as designated in said deed, and the deed above mentioned from the F. E. C. Ry company is hereby accepted, and the chairman of the board is hereby authorized to execute the acceptance of said deed.

The communication from I. T. McPherson in regard to the crossing at Osteen was referred to the road superintendent for reply.

The report of the mass meeting of citizens of Daytona endorsing the action of the board in requesting the withdrawal of the Proudfoot contract on the DeLand-Daytona road was ordered filed.

The monthly reports of the farm agent, clerk of the criminal court, sheriff and county judge were received and ordered filed.

Commissioner Haymans was instructed to make necessary, urgent repairs to the Southmere bridge over the St. Johns river and to report to the board the cost of the necessary repairs to the roadway.

The action of the trustees of the Halifax road and bridge district in purchasing and destroying bonds of their district, Nos. 132 to 136 inclusive, was approved.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes

Resolved, That the building committee have an architect prepare plans for remodeling the old jail building on Rich avenue, DeLand, making it into suitable offices; and upon acceptance of plans, the clerk to advertise for bids for performing the work called for in the plans, said bids to be presented at the next meeting of the board.

The road superintendent was instructed to prepare and place proper signs on all county bridges warning the public not to park cars on the bridges.

The following notary public bonds were approved: Isaac Stewart, M. C. Armstrong, A. D. Clarkson, John G. Leonardy, R. P. Hamlin, J. E. Peacock, Thos. S Hays, W. H. Courtney and C. A. Randall.

The bond of I. F. Waterman as road superintendent was approved.

The revolver bond of I. F. Waterman was approved.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes.

Whereas, The Volusia County Press association has very generously offered to print the complete minutes of this board, including the list of warrants drawn each month, at the rate of 12½ cents per inch, which is 87½ cents an inch less than the customary rate for legal advertising and 50 per cent less than the common reading advertising, and this board would gladly accept the offer but for the fact that the last appropriation for advertising will not permit this expenditure for the current year; appreciating, however, this offer on the part of the press of the county, and recognizing that the people of the county are entitled to know where their money goes, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the clerk of this board is hereby directed this month (April) to send complete lists of the warrants drawn by this board to the Volusia County Record, DeLand, to the Gazette-News, Daytona, and to the New Smyrna News, New Smyrna; and in May the clerk shall send the list of warrants to the DeLand News, DeLand, the Halifax Journel, Daytona, and the New Smyrna Breeze, New Smyrna, and to rotate the same each month among these six newspapers, the board agreeing to pay 12½ cents per inch for publication of same, measurements to be made in 8-pt. solid type.

The following resolution was duly passed and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Resolved, That the board of county commissioners will on Thursday, May 10, receive bids for lots of land, or land and building, together with terms of paying for same, on which to permanently locate a county farm, and other county purposes. That it is the sense of this board that a suitable location with 100 to 200 acres of land be secured. That the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for such offers.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Resolved, That the road superintendent be and he is herby instructed to remove from the right of way of all public roads of Volusia county, as he may conveniently do so, all unauthorized signs.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Whereas, the people of Volusia county have taxed themselves very heavily to build for the use of themselves and the thousands of tourists who annually visit us, a road system costing over one million dollars, and

Whereas, we are proud of the beauty and usefulness of our roads, and gladly welcome all persons who will use and not abuse them, and

Whereas, To get the best use of the roads for all, they must be kept from the abuses of the speed fiend and the auto maniac; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the board of county commissioners of Volusia county, in regular session, that the sheriff is hereby instructed to arrest the driver of each and every automobile or vehicle coming into contact with another auto or vehicle on any public road or ground of the county, and to summon them for appearance before the justices of the peace of county judge, and shall obtain evidence and prosecute the party causing said accident, as provided in chapter 5437, laws of 1905. To the innocent victim of the accident, the sheriff is hereby directed to give a written statement, showing that the driver was not at fault and briefly reciting the cause of the accident. The sheriff is further instructed to furnish this board, at the end of each month, a statement showing the name of each driver examined, the number of his car, and the disposition of the case.

The financial statement for the period ending March 31, 1217, was signed and ordered certified to the comptroller.

The report of the county depository for the month of March was filed, the following balances being shown to the several funds:

General revenue fund	$ 4,564 88
Fine and forfeiture fund	1,143 40
Road and bridge fund	21,264 46

The matter of building a shell road at Osteen was referred to the road superintendent for investigation with power to act.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Resolved, That this board go on record as being opposed to the taking of any territory from the northern portion of Volusia county and adding same to any territory which parties are now attempting to constitute into what is known as Flagler county, and the clerk of this board is instructed to transmit a copy of this resolution to our senator and representatives at Tallahassee, urging them to use all their influence against the taking of said territory from Volusia county.

The following warrants against the several road and bridge districts were approved and ordered signed by the chairman and clerk of the board:

DeLand-Lake Helen Special Road and Bridge District Vouchers

66	Miller Hardware Co.	$ 27.74
67	So. Clay Mfg. Co	4,595 95
68	So Clay Mfg. Co.	6,652 56
69	Wilson Const. Co.	3,714 90
70	Hamilton Johnson	5,020.18
71	N. N. Jacobs	545.00
72	J. B McCrary Co.	844.18

New Smyrna Special Road and Bridge District Vouchers

42	Void	
43	Hamilton Johnson	$ 266.47
44	Langston & Mack	12,240.97
15	Bryson & Bryson	1,789.06
46	Bryson & Bryson	3,130.66
47	J. B. McCrary Co.	1,095.66
48	Bryson & Bryson	253.46
49	Bryson & Bryson	2,415.40
50	Akerman & Ellis	7,510.54
51	Akerman & Ellis	480.83

Halifax Special Road and Bridge District

64	C. A. Ballough	$ 600.00
65	C. A. Ballough	209.80
66	J. B. McCrary Co.	765.24
67	F. G. Proudfoot	21,777.16
68	F. F. Smith	1,354.70

The miscellaneous bills against the county were then examined and approved and the following warrants drawn in payment of same:

April 5, 1917.

No.	To Whom Issued	Purpose of Expenditure	Amount
187	Gid Brown	Support	5.00
8	Mrs. D. M. Bryant	Support	5.00
9	A. J. Dugger	Support	5.00
190	Abraham Hodson	Support	5.00
1	W. H. Knight	Support	5.00
2	Mrs. Judy Morrison	Support	5.00
3	Delia Purdom	Support	5.00
4	Nancy Peterson	Support	5.00
5	Mrs. Milly Smith	Support	5.00
6	Jos. R. Turner	Support	5.00
7	U. Hunt	Support	5.00
8	Alfred Hardyman	Support	8.00
9	J. C. Higkman	Support	8.00
200	Inez Tuck	Support	8.00
1	Mrs. M. R. McCormick	Support	8.00
2	Mrs. M. A. Hughes	Support	8.00
3	Ella J. Horn	Support	8.00
4	Mrs G. H. Russeau	Support	10.00
5	J E. Barnhart	Support	10.00
6	Bryant Morris	Support	10.00
7	George L. Haley	Support	10.00
8	Mrs. Nelson Baker	Support	10.00
9	Mrs. Enoch Driggers	Support	15.00
210	Mrs. Amy Allen	Support	8.00
1	Geo Swartz	Support	8.00
2	N. E Roberts	Support	8.00
3	Mrs Kate Rose	Keeper Poor House	35.00
4	R P. Hamlin	County Solicitor	62.00
5	Morris Benbow	Janitor	36 00
6	R. E. Lenfest	Farm Demonstrator	66.66
7	I. C. Hughes	Supervisor Registration	18.45
8	St. Vincent Hospital	Care Poor	30.00
9	Bert Fish	Judge Criminal Court	375.00
220	So Bell Tel. & Tel. Co.	Phones	15.00
1	N N Jacobs	Reps C H Walk	25 50
2	DELPICO	Lights	37.76
3	Could Wooten Co	Bond Road Superintendent	2.50
4	Painter Printing Co.	Mounting Maps	4 38
5	E. S Robinson	County Map	3 25
6	V. M Fountain	Supplies Jail	4 35
7	J F Allen Frt Co.	Supplies Jail, Etc.	57.45
8	G. A Dreka & Co.	Supplies Jail, Etc.	30 60
9	Bracey Drug Co.	Supplies Jail	15 25
230	A L Marsh	Supplies Poor House	16 95
1	Mrs. Kate Rose	Wood Poor House	6 00
2	W D Haynes	Supplies Poor House	33 23
3	W. L James & Son	Burying Pauper	12.00
4	Wm S Thayer	Supplies Poor	14 00
5	A H Woodall	Supplies Poor	11 50
6	Journal Printing Co.	Advertising	4 50
7	G. W Fisher Drug Co.	Ink	1 50
8	H & W. B Drew Co.	Blanks	4.15
9	News Publishing Co.	Stationery	40 50
240	Burgman Bruthers	Stationery	13.42
1	Sam'l D. Jordan	Clerk Fees, Etc.	100 24
2	Lee Morris	Sheriff Fees, Etc	52.40
5	S B Wilson	Tax Assessor	100.00
4	City of DeLand	Water Rent	5[illegible]
5	Journal Printing Co.	Printing	24 00
6	W. H. Wright	Signs	1 75
7	A D Tillman	Wood	6 00
8	Miller Hardware Co.	Repairs Jail and Court House	49.61
9	T L Osteen	Tax Collector	1,032 45
250	L. L. Mosby	Supplies Poor	10.00
1	Bingham & Maley	Burying Pauper	12 50
2	S W Bishop	Supplies Poor	37 40
3	W Z Haymans	Commissioner	12 00
4	C O Codrington	Commissioner	8 00
5	C F Burgman	Commissioner	13.00
6	L. B. Bouchelle	Commissioner	14 00

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

April 5. 1917.

No.	To Whom Issued	Purpose of Expenditure	Amount
109	Wm S Thaver	Shell	22.88
110	Harden Brothers	Team Hire	227 50
1	Hill Hardware Co.	Nails, Etc.	12 18
2	A. T Patillo	Repairs Machinery	3 45
3	J S. May	ShellingRoad	34 50
4	J A Scarlett	Team Hire	32 50
5	Chas. D. Cannons	Team Hire	18 50
6	Hill	Team Hire	6 00
7	Charlie Johnson	Labor	7 50
8	Levy Collegg	Labor	44 62
9	B. B. Futtrell	Team Hire	30 00
120	Volusia County R. E. Co.	Shell	46 50
1	Bracey Drug Co.	Medicine	1 50
2	Miller Hardware Co.	Labor	18.55
3	Harvey Jones	Care Convicts	708 39
4	Robert Jones	Team Hire	15 00
5	L. H. Norman	Labor	12 00
6	N. G. Lastinger	Labor	5 00
7	Bond Lumber Co.	Lumber	16.16
8	D. A. Walker, Agent	Freight	1.75
9	Wm McLendon	Labor	19 25
130	H. G. Byrd	Labor	1.50
1	J. G. Cade	Labor	15 75
2	F. F. Smith	Shell Shoulders	321.00
3	C. Roy Miller	Truck Hire	135.00
4	S. M. Newburn	Lumber	14.68
5	W. B. Burgess	Team Hire	10.00
6	Dr. W. W. Wilder	Physician	3 00
7	Bryson & Bryson	Labor	4.50
8	State Bank of New Smyrna	Purchase R-W	125.00
9	W. L. Cooper	Refund Auto License	17.00
140	J. C. Vaughn	Ferryman	15 00
1	W. H. Coons	Bridge Tender	25.00
2	Eisen Ponteaux	Ferryman	15.00
3	J. C.Williams	Ferryman	15.00
4	I. F. Waterman	Road Superintendent	175.00
5	N. D. Coates	Auto Hire	10.00
6	C. R. Burgman	Expense	1.14
7	J C. Williams	Repairs Ferry	11.00
8	M. E. Lafollett	Labor	3.00
9	Louis Chauvin	Moving Convicts	101.50
150	S. R. Love	Labor	50.00
1	G. N. Messimer	Refund Auto License	4.25
2	Miller Hardware Co.	Tools, Etc.	18.70
3	W. C. Watts	Tools, Etc.	2.00
4	M. A. Baker	Signs	6.45
5	W. D. Bradshaw	Rent, Storage	15.00
6	Oscar Michael	Road Work	400.25
7	Akerman & Ellis	Acct. Shiloh Road	1,987.43
8	New Smyrna Lumber Co.	Lumber	3.46
9	J. W. Giddens	Labor	3.00
160	Void		
1	T. J. Murray	Labor	2.50
2	Volusia County R. E. Co.	Shell Middleton Contract	286.00
3	Akerman & Ellis	Shell Middleton Contract	78.78
4	Bedford Jones	Middleton Contract	185.00
5	Frank Purdom	Middleton Contract	644.00
6	Harden Brothers	Middleton Contract	214.10
7	Jesse Yelvington	Middleton Contract	40.00
8	F L. Middleton	Balance on Contract	1,002.12
9	New Smyrna Spel R. and B. Dist	Change R W at Leonardy's	122.49
170	W. Z. Haymans	Commissioner	8.00
1	C. O. Codrington	Commissioner	8.00
2	D. G. McBride	Commissioner	8.00
3	C F. Burgman	Commissioner	8.00
4	L. B. Bouchelle	Commissioner	8 00
5	S. P. Walsh	Labor	3.75
5155	Lee Morris	Sheriff Fees	201.55
6	C. H. Baguley	Clerk Criminal Court Fees	61.44
7	J. Lee McCrory	Justice Fee	22.62
8	W. H. Newell	Justice Fee	7.23
9	S. Ross	Deputy Sheriff Fee	34 99
5160	Fred Taylor	Justice Fee	5.22
1	Lee Tedder	Deputy Sheriff Fee	14.80
2	P. C. Rodgers	Justice Fee	4.16
3	T. O. Melton	Constable Fee	8.00
4	Sim L. Speer	Justice Fee	1.48
5	Perry E. Hall	Constable Fee	14.80
6	W. E. Johnson	Constable Fee	1.85
7	J. B. Case	Justice Fee	4.46
8	M. L. Crews	Deputy Sheriff Fee	9.40
9	Lee Morris	Sheriff Fee in Cr Cases	75.00
5170	Lee Morris	Feed Prisoners	412.70
1	C. H. Baguley	Fees Clerk Criminal Court	3.90
2	R. P. Hamlin	Conviction Fee	95.00
3	Lee Morris	Commission on Fines, Etc.	54.19
4	Volusia County Bank	Csh Prisoners Rel Fee	8.00
5	V. M. Fountain	Csh Prisoners Rel Fee	3.00
	Road and Bridge Fund		7,413.03
	General Revenue Fund		2,696.58
	Fine and Forfeiture Fund		1,043.70

INSURANCE IS PROTECTION

and the more reliable the company in which your policy is written the better is the protection. The best protection costs o more than any other kind, and I can furnish you the best.

F. A. NEWELL

TELEPHONE NO. 82

Office at Residence, Corner Orange and Douglass streets

INDIVIDUAL THRIFT.

It Means to the Man What Conservation Does to the Nation.

The movement to encourage the people of this country to curb extravagance and to save money is rapidly growing, and it is a good thing that it is so. We need such a campaign, and its gospel of thrift should be spread broadcast throughout our land. The American people must save. They can no longer afford to waste.

It was the tremendous natural wealth of this country that made Americans a nation of spendthrifts. Now the end of nature's bounty is actually in sight. All of the better public lands have been taken up. The government is carefully estimating our resources of coal and oil. Water power is being developed and husbanded. Wealth is not half so easy to create as once it was, and for that reason there is a nation wide appreciation of the necessity for conserving it. Thrift means to the individual life exactly what conservation does to the nation.

This movement for saving money means a good deal more than the curbing of individual extravagance. It means more capital available for the uses of commerce. It means that when you have saved $1,000 you will find it a good deal easier to borrow another $1,000 if you have a good investment in view.

CLOTHES ON THE LINE.

Putting a Bit of Poetry Into a Very Prosaic Task.

A ride along the interurban cars on a fine Monday will show you line after line of snowy clothes fluttering in the breeze, and if you are a woman who has ever tried her hand at the washing game you'll envy the woman who has the bright afternoon before her to do as she pleases since she has spent her morning so profitably

Did you ever pin freshly washed clothes on a line out in the sunshine and breeze—clothes that you washed with your own hands?

You haven't? Well, you needn't say it with such a scornful tilt to your nose. You're to be pitied more than envied, for you've missed one of the joys of being a woman.

Maybe the real work of it, the scrubbing and boiling and rinsing part, couldn't be called pure joy, but hanging the pieces up, clean and sweet and white, then standing back to view proudly the whole long row—ah, then you taste the glory of real achievement, and it gives a satisfaction that few achievements give.

It's such a worthy work, making the world a cleaner, more wholesome place, by beginning on your own soiled raiment.—Indianapolis News.

Big Chains Are Handmade.

In this day of machine manufacture it will perhaps surprise some to learn that the making of big chains is largely, if not entirely, confined to methods dependent on hand labor, says the Scientific American. There are probably no big chains being made in the United States by the use of machinery. There are various appliances employed, but these are hand operated or personally controlled. This situation appears to be due to two things. First, as the proverbial expression has it, "a chain is no stronger than the weakest of its links." A handmade chain is naturally made link by link. If the workmen are not only careful, but conscientious as to details, there is a considerable opportunity for attention equivalent to continuous inspection. The making of big chains is largely an old time blacksmith's job.

A vessel under construction in a Jacksonville shipyard was sold for $80,000 to a New York firm even before it was launched.

Good Fertilizer Good Value

For 30 years Armour 6½% Blood & Bone Tankage has consistently been among the most economical and satisfactory no-potash fertilizers offered. Especially is this true right now. You get 6½% ammonia from blood, and 15% phosphoric acid from steamed bone, at several dollars per ton less than the same foods from these sources would cost separately.

Armour Blood & Bone Tankage

Under present conditions this material is, we believe, the best and most economical Ammonia - Phosphoric Acid fertilizer offered. It is well suited to all crops; it furnishes everything except potash. It is a standard material of PROVED crop-making ability; more than 100,000 tons have actually been used in Florida. It is rich, pure, and a splendid humus-builder.

Write now for leaflet, price and sample. Please mention this paper.

"From the Farm Back to the Farm"

Armour Fertilizer Works Jacksonville, Fla.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

An Avoided Judicial Murder

By RICHARD MARKLEY

One morning a comely young woman entered a pawnshop and offered a diamond ring as security for a loan. The broker, after examining the stone, looked on the inside of the ring and saw the initials E. A. B. to J. S.

"What is your name?" asked the broker.

"Julia Amory."

J. S. might mean Jane Severance, a widow for whose murder Andrew Bowers was to be hanged the next day. The pawnbroker informed the police, and the woman was arrested.

Julia Amory upon examination broke down and confessed that she had murdered Jane Severance. She said that she had been a seamstress in Mrs. Severance's home, had seen the ring in a box of silver articles and jewels and had coveted it. She had gone into Mrs. Severance's room to possess herself of the jewels and, being discovered, had been obliged either to kill the owner or spend a term of years in prison.

The culprit's story was probable enough, but there was one flaw in it Why did she offer the ring for pawn in the very town where the murder had been committed and on the day before the supposed criminal was to be executed for the murder? Being questioned as to her motive, she confessed that her main object was to visit the scene of her crime.

Andrew Bowers was a young man about twenty-five years of age. He had become acquainted with the widow, who was thirty years his senior, and she made a ward of him One day she showed him a box in which she told him there were articles that concerned him In case of her death he was to possess himself of it She kept it on the top of the stone foundation to the house between two joists supporting the floor above.

Bowers was seen with Mrs. Severance just before bedtime on the night of the murder. He claimed to have left her at 11 o'clock. She was found dead the next morning. One of the prosecution's witnesses at Bowers' trial swore that Mrs. Severance had told her that she intended to leave all her property to Bowers. This was a strong point against him No will was found, and Bowers, fearing one might turn up in his favor in the box, kept his knowledge of it a secret.

As soon as the authorities were convinced that Julia Amory's confession was true they released Andrew Bowers, but not before they had confronted him and her They took him to the prison where she was confined and left him with her for a few minutes, the detectives keeping within hearing Nothing was said between the two—at least nothing was overheard—and after he had been permitted to look at her for a few minutes he withdrew from her On rejoining his keepers he told them that he had never seen her in Mrs Severance's home, but that didn't prove that she had never been employed there, for he had never lived at the house, and there were times when he had not been there for months

After his release Bowers went to the house where Mrs. Severance had lived and possessed himself of the box she had told him contained articles that concerned him Hidden under some old silver tableware he found a will leaving all her property to him There was a second paper, which read as follows:

"Ten years ago I was obliged to send Susan Dugan, my cook, to the penitentiary for stealing a valuable brooch from me. She was very bitter against me and said to me, 'When I get out I'll fix you.' I have since lived in the fear that she would keep her word If anything happens to me she will have caused it."

Shortly after finding this paper Bowers appeared in the district attorney's office and showed it to him. But before telling where he got it he asked the attorney to telephone the penitentiary for information concerning Susan Dugan. A reply came that Susan Dugan had been discharged from the penitentiary on a certain date that was found to be eight days before the murder was committed Her arrest was ordered, and Julia Amory was released.

The morning after Julia Amory had left the prison she appeared at the district attorney's office in company with Andrew Bowers. She told the following story:

"Several years ago this man left the place where he lived to seek his fortune. We were betrothed, and I promised to wait for him. When I heard of his arrest for murder it was a great shock to me. Being convinced of his innocence, I laid a plan to cheat the state out of a victim. He had given me an engagement ring without any marking. I had the initials put in it, the last two letters being those of the murdered woman. Then I offered the ring in pawn that I might be accused of the murder The rest you know."

Then Bowers told his story:

"When I was taken to the jail where the woman who confessed was confined I recognized my betrothed. She gave me a look of caution and slipped into my hand a paper telling me that if I were released to disappear; she would later offer proof of her innocence."

Bowers then produced the box Mrs. Severance had told him of and showed the will.

Susan Dugan paid the penalty of her crime, and the state missed committing a judicial murder.

United States Super-Dreadnought New York

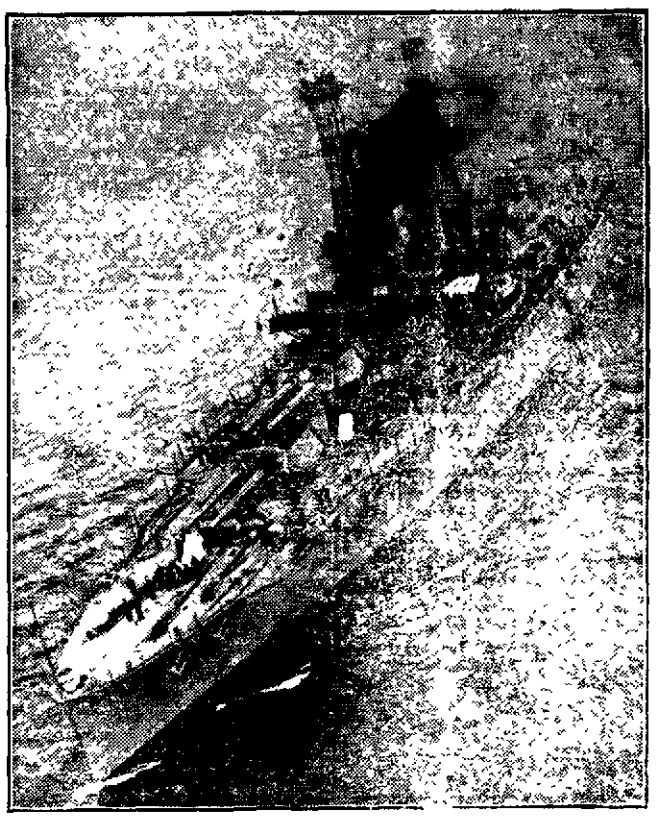

Photo by American Press Association

The monster New York is a 27,000 ton warship, 573 feet long She carries ten fourteen-inch guns. There are 1,014 officers and men in her crew

CRUSHING A NATION.

The Cambray League and the Fall of the Venetian Republic.

The League of Cambray was the political combination of continental Europe in 1508 against the Venetian republic, which tore from the "Queen of the Adriatic" her resplendent crown and forced to her lips the cup of deepest humiliation.

Back of the league and causing its formation were jealousy, ambition and the desire of crippling the proud people, whose history was the wonder and envy of the world. Too powerful to be overthrown by any single power, it was resolved that Venice should be crushed by the combined forces of all Europe.

During the terrible days of Attila about A. D 453, Venice was founded out among the lagoons of the Adriatic, where, it was felt, safety would be found from the ravages of the Hun The history of the thousand years from the foundation of the city to the year 1508 reads like magic Rising from the waves, Venice became the wonder of the world Her navy cut the waters of every known sea Her merchants were the greatest on earth Her bank was the financial center of the world.

And for more than ten centuries did Venice remain the glory of the world, the center of wealth, opulence and power, the home of culture and intelligence, the hearthstone about which sat the finest of the intellectual graces and hospitalities, and such she might have remained but for the League of Cambray, which, with its overwhelming forces, gave her the blow (at Agnadello in 1509) from which it was impossible for her to recover.—Exchange.

Train Names.

The old picturesque English habit of naming trains of special importance seems to be dying out fast in these materialistic days While America keeps up the custom, we never speak now of a "Zulu," a "Flying Scotchman" or a "Wild Irishman" We do not call Cunard specials "Herring Pond Limiteds," and even the train long and affectionately known, from its wonderful engine, as the "Charles Dickens" has now merely a number and a time. —Westminster Gazette.

Maine's Knights.

Maine is the only state in the Union which can boast of having three native born sons knighted by English kings. They are Sir William Phipps of Woolwich, once royal governor of Massachusetts, who was knighted in 1694. Sir William Pepperell of Kittery, who captured Louisburg for the British, and Sir Hiram Maxim —Exchange.

No Longer Skinny.

The word "skinny" has gone out of fashion. In the old days when a girl was so thin and hungry looking she shamed her mother's pantry that was what they called her, but a more modern description is that she has a sensitive, spirituelle face.—New York Sun.

Send the News to your friends.

Last week lettuce shipped from South Apopka sold as high as $9 a crate.

—x—

Fellsmere people think a broom factory would be a good thing for their town.

—x—

The deposits in the Tampa banks aggregate nearly fourteen million dollars.

—x—

Five merchants of Pensacola were arrested Tuesday charged with selling cigarettes to minors.

—x—

A movement has been started by the commercial club of Fellsmere to secure bonds for a light plant.

—x—

A grower at Stuart shipped his first consignment of beans recently, which brought $15 per hamper in New York.

—x—

Prohibition and woman's suffrage promise to occupy much attention of the present session of the legislature.

—x—

Ocala is to have a new meat packing plant. This was accomplished by the live board of trade at that place.

—x—

The National City bank, a new bank in Tampa recently opened its doors. The deposits for the first day amounted to $240,000.

—x—

A plan has been launched to form a drainage district and drain thousands of acres of land in the Miakka section.

—x—

The Astor estate, which has been the subject of a legal battle lasting for more than half a century, is now approaching settlement by compromise. The estate originally involved 100,000 acres of Florida lands. Heirs of the disinherited sons of the original grantee to the lands are pushing the suit to recover the heritage. Much of the lands lie in Duval county.

Dade county and the city of Miami have jointly purchased 100 acres of submerged land in Biscayne Bay for the purpose of building a park, fair grounds, ball grounds, race track and convention hall.

At present there are seventeen dipping vats in Osceola county and a number of others are to be erected. Kissimmee is to be made an interstate shipping point under federal supervision.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a bill will be presented to the Legislature of the State of Florida at its next regular session in accordance with laws made and provided to designate, locate and perpetuate, as New Smyrna Beach that territory, "Situated on the Sea Shore, south of the Bar of Mosquito, at a place formerly cultivated by Dr. Turnbull," on the peninsula opposite New Smyrna, Fla, and embraced in sections 4, 5, 9, 55 and 16, in township 17, S. R. 34 E, Meridian of Florida (mar2-apr27)

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned officers of The Coronado Club, Incorporated, intend to apply to the Honorable James W. Perkins, Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida, at DeLand, Volusia County, Florida, on the twenty first day of May, A. D. 1917, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, for certain amendments to the charter of said corporation, which proposed amendments are now on file in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Volusia County, Florida.

E. H. DUNHAM, President.
J. H VROOMAN, Vice President.
HAROLD VROOMAN, Secretary.
(mar30-apr14)

ICE

The Summer Days Are Here

It is time to be thinking of the best methods of keeping your food supply fresh and sweet.

The only practical way to keep the food fresh is by having plenty of our ice in your refrigerator.

There is nothing which gives more comfort in the hot weather than a plentiful supply of ice water and the small amount of ice required for this comfort can be afforded by every family in the city.

Have our driver stop every day and leave the ice you need.

New Smyrna Public Service COMPANY

TELEPHONE - No. 102

CORONADO BEACH

HAVING JUST ACQUIRED

EIGHTEEN HUNDRED LOTS

AT

Coronado Beach, Soon To Be The Rival Of All Beaches

We will offer as a preliminary sale commencing

April 14, 1917 and Continuing for Nine Days Thereafter

Forty Ocean Front Lots, Fifty County Road Lots, Shell Surface, and Fifty Inland Lots. Prices $50.00 per lot and upwards. None priced over $300.00. A discount of 25 per cent will be allowed on lots purchased during the ten day sale

TERMS arranged to suit purchasers. A further discount of 5 per cent will be made to those paying all CASH. Size of lots 50x150 feet. Also a few houses will be offered at bargain prices. This is an opportunity of a life time. GRASP IT

New Bridge - New Hotel - New Streets - New Owners

Price advanced after preliminary opening sale. Representatives on the beach every day during sale from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings at company's temporary office, next to Marble Hall Cafe, Canal street, by appointment

TELEPHONE NO. 58 OR WRITE TO

CORONADO BEACH REALTY CO.

NEW SMYRNA, FLORIDA

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

VALUE OF PREPAREDNESS

State board of Health Bulletin

Get vaccinated, and do it now.

Florida is suffering from a periodic visitation of smallpox. It is not in epidemic prevalence nor in virulent form, but scattered cases, or groups of cases, exist in various sections of the state, and it may spread to more formidable proportions unless precautions are taken. It is insidious and it is contagious and no man can tell when and where it may claim more victims.

Investigation by the health authorities show that the disease was brought from Georgia during the early part of the winter and from this it has been scattered over rather widely separated parts of Florida. Investigation by the same authorities show that in every case in the state, the victim has been an unvaccinated person.

The state board of health furnishes vaccine points free of cost to all applicants—fresh, clean points—and the services of the family doctor will complete the immunizing process, without which no person is absolutely safe from a risk of the scourge. Health boards, state, county or city, have not the authority to compel vaccination. It is a matter that rests entirely with the individual to accept or reject, but these same authorities favor, urge, entreat, everything but force, vaccination against smallpox.

Not many days ago a persistent ringing called the state health officer to his telephone and this is what he heard from an anxous female voice: "Doctor, I hear that there is smallpox about. Would you advise me and my children to be vaccinated?" And he replied: "Madam, would you wait until a fire broke out in the next block before you insured your home and all your possessions?"

More than a full century has demonstrated the value and efficiency of this preventive against smallpox, which before that had devasted half of Europe and had taken the toll of millions of human lives, leaving behind other millions of scarred and disgustingly marked remnants of humanity. Yet, with all this wonderful record of a simple remedy, given by the Creator through the instrumentality of a student of scientific cause and effect, we hear peepings of protest against its employment in these modern days. This protest is not argument, only the squeaks of ignorance and of the lingering weakness of the human intellect.

It is rather remarkable that some humans will accept other accomplishments of science, the telephone, the wireless, even the steam and gas engines, demonstrated by daily efficiency and necessary use, and will reject this scientific remedy against a loathsome disease, which was demonstrated years before any of the other discoveries were thought of.

It is possibly even more remarkable that in this age of advanced mental development it should be necessary to argue such a subject, to defend the employment of one of God's greatest gifts to His suffering people.

The use of the preventine of disease is not enforced by any law on any books. It is only a moral obligation imposed by the divine law that bids us use every legitimate means for our own highest physical and mental welfare, and by that higher law that commands us to conserve the welfare of our fellow man.

Don't neglect vaccination or satisfy yourself by taking the risk, a valueless form of self-insurance, that the disease will not come near you or yours.

HORRORS OF WAR.

As They Were Depicted by a Minister in Cromwell's Time.

That war has horrors and is to be avoided like a pestilence is no new discovery. Modern war is probably worse than any that preceded it, but from the beginning thoughtful, observing mankind has protested against the suffering and wastefulness caused by battle.

Here, for instance, is Rev. William Hooke, a New Haven minister, who later became a chaplain to Oliver Cromwell, writing in 1640 about war. The death dealing instrument of that day might now seem almost harmless by comparison with the implements used in these advanced times, but the New Haven man was keenly alive to the saddening aspect of their use.

"Warre," he writes, "is the conflict of enemies enraged with bloody revenge. The instruments are clashing swords, rattling spears, skull dividing Halberds, murthering pieces and thundering Cannons, from whose mouths proceed the fire and smell and smoke and terror, death, as it were, of the very bottomless pit."

The preacher's description of battle has all the vigor of early pulpit rhetoric. "Here ride some dead men swaggering in their deepe saddles," he pictures; "there fall others alive upon their dead horses; death sends a message to those from the mouths of the muskets; these it talks to face to face and stabs them in the fifth rib."

War becomes more terrible as man's ingenuity brings forth new instruments of torture.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"DRINK STORM" VICTIMS.

New Study of Why Some Men Go on Periodic Debauches.

There has recently been organized in Hartford, Conn., a foundation for a new line of research work relating to the alcoholic question. This research will have for its object the explanation of "drink storms," which attack men who are not regular drinkers, but suddenly plunge into a debauch and use liquor to excess for a limited period, after which they resume their usual condition of temperate living.

This subject is treated by Dr. T. D. Crothers of Hartford, Conn., in the New York Medical Record. He says: "What condition of body and mind furnishes the soil, plants the seed and favors the growth in inebriety and alcoholism is yet to be studied. What laws of growth, heredity, culture, surroundings, nutrition and mental impression favor the development of the drink evil are questions for the future.

"Why the degeneration from the use of alcohol is in one instance slow, concealed and breaking out only after a lifetime in various diseases; in another rapid, positive and most emphatic, and in a third concentrated on the brain and nervous system or on the organs of nutrition, and so on through a long list of questions as to why and how this or that particular phase of disease breaks out, are questions for future study.

"This is the new scientific field where exact study is called for, groupings of facts and studies of their meanings, to show the causes of alcohol addiction."

His Name Was "Ike."

I venture to assert that no one has the nerve to say that he ever hailed the late Wayne MacVeagh as "Ikey." But Ike he was in his boyhood.

His parents christened him Isaac Wayne MacVeagh, and his first law sign in West Chester read, "I. Wayne MacVeagh."

But, like Thomas Woodrow Wilson and Stephen Grover Cleveland, he long ago amputated what annoyed him as a superfluous name improved it, too, and made it sound far more distinguished.

Those of us who only knew the steel eyed, sharp tongued, witty, brilliant and eloquent MacVeagh, lawyer, statesman and politician, cannot possibly think of him as Ike.—Philadelphia Ledger.

An Adventurous American

By ALAN HINSDALE

Why Edward Delano, an American, with no especial sympathy with either side in the pan-European war, left a luxurious home to take part in it seems a mystery. And when we consider that he entered the aviation service to face the dangers of the land far up in the air, a position trying enough by itself without adding to the fact that one is liable to be dropped, not from a break of machinery, but a shot fired for the purpose, his action is hard to understand.

Delano entered the French aviation corps composed of Americans. He made flights from that part of Belgium which is nearest Zeebrugge, the base of the German flying machines. One day when he was sailing over the North sea near the coast he saw a little cigar shaped boat beneath him on the surface of the water, which he took for a submarine. It occurred to him that if he could swoop down low enough to get a good aim he might toss a bomb on to it and sink it. He didn't have much fear of it, for its guns were not made for sending shot into the upper air.

Circling, he drew a spiral down to within a couple of hundred feet. He feared to lose the game by its being submerged. But the captain had no such intention. Delano dropped a bomb, which stirred the water a hundred feet from the submarine. Not receiving a shot in return, he descended to within a hundred feet of his enemy and dropped another bomb. This struck the water about fifty feet on the other side of the submarine. He was getting a third bomb ready when a man with a rifle appeared on the submarine and fired a shot which exploded Ned's gasoline tank.

Ned was dropped into the water a dozen feet from the submarine. There was nothing for him to do but to strike out for the cigar shaped boat and give himself up. This he did and was received on board with praise for his daring.

However, there was no place to confine him, and there seemed to be no necessity to do so. He was made to do the work of one of the crew, the vessel being short handed, and this gave him the liberty of a man with duties to perform. His love for novelty was satisfied, for the boat frequently dived, and when she did Ned dived with her. Used as he was to sailing up in the air, he could not repress a sense of smothering at going down under the water the first time.

One day when the submarine was on the surface of the water a ship came in sight flying the British flag. Ned saw at once that he was liable to witness the destruction of a vessel. The submarine kept to the eastward of its intended victim and when the evening twilight came had the ship against it, while the submarine was in darkness. Then she pushed forward till within striking distance and called on the Britisher's crew to get into their boats.

The order was obeyed, and a number of shots were put into the hull below the water line. Ned saw her go down stem first, almost as a swimmer taking a dive, only the diver reappears, which the vessel did not.

While this was occurring darkness was falling. The last Ned saw of the ship's crew they were in their boats, the rowers resting on their oars watching their ship make her last plunge. What they did afterward could not be seen for the darkness. Ned wondered what they would do. Would they pull for the English or the Belgian coast? The distance to land eastward was so much less than westward that he believed they would take that direction. Likely they had taken a compass into their boats, which would give them their course.

Naturally the idea of escape from the submarine connected itself in his mind with the boats, though the hope of reaching them seemed madness. He was obliged to take his turn with the watch on deck. A couple of hours after the sinking of the ship he heard the sound of oars. Inferring that they were from the boats of the sunken ship, he listened eagerly. The sound—there were a number of boats pulling together—came from the west toward the submarine. The crew of the latter heard them, but, inferring that they were the sailors they had dispossessed, paid no attention to them.

Ned paid a good deal of attention to them. Getting as far from the rest of the watch as possible, he awaited the approach of the comers. He made up his mind that they would pass near the submarine, but whether south or north of it he could not tell. Presently he thought he heard them coming on the south.

Dare he try to join them? There was no light on the submarine's deck, and he could easily slide into the water and swim for them. If he missed them he would be lost. If he made them he would secure his freedom.

"Here goes!" he said to himself, and, lying down, he rolled into the water, which was so near to him that he made no splash. Once in the brine he began to swim lustily in the direction of the sounds. He swam perhaps a quarter of a mile when he heard a rear boat near him. He gave as loud a cry as he could. It was unheard. He gave another and realized that on it depended his life. Nevertheless it was more feeble than the last.

The sounds of rowing ceased. Taking advantage of the stillness, he gave one more cry. It was heard, a boat pulled toward him and took him aboard.

SCHOOL NOTES

Charles Yancey was enrolled in the third grade Monday of this week.

Owing to the lack of space and time many of the school notes have been ommitted this week.

The primary department of the school enjoyed an Easter egg hunt Friday afternoon in the woods.

Ruby Marshall and Helen Watson have departed for their respective homes in the north this week.

Carl Langford and Ruth Jones have been absent during the week from high school because of sickness.

The Parent-Teacher club met Friday afternoon with a good attendance. Various plans were discussed concerning the opening of the new school building. The definite plans of the committee will be announced later.

It has been recommended to the local board of trustees that a course of domestic science and manual training be installed in the carriculum of the coming school year. No action has been taken as yet. The plan was suggested by Principal Marks.

Employment Managers.

The function of securing the right kind of help and seeing to it that that help makes continued progress toward maximum efficiency is second to no other in any factory, and for this reason the manager of the employment department must have absolute authority over those functions or at least must have first hand access to the ear of the supreme administrative authority.—R. C. Clothier in Industrial Management.

Coolness Under Difficulties.

The grammar school principal went from room to room explaining what to do in case of fire. The pupils listened with careful attention until he came to his final instructions, then smiles and giggles disturbed the principal's serenity.

"Above all things," he said, "if your clothing catches fire remain cool."

Avoids Knockers.

Bill—Opportunity is knocking at your door daily, you know. Jill—Well, I don't pay any attention to "knockers," and if I did like as not he'd try to unload some new novelty of encyclopedia on me.—Exchange.

Church Notes

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH.

On Faulkner street.

Lewis D. Moore, Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock a. m.

Preaching services each Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Epworth League services at 6:45 o'clock Sunday evening.

Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

Corner Faulkner and Washington streets.

B. F. Green, Pastor.

M. W. Ashton, Sunday school superintendent.

Preaching services each Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Sunday school at 10 o'clock a. m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Christian Science services are held every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock in the Woman's club room in the Gomez building on Magnolia street. Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock.

METHODIST CHURCH, SOUTH.

Corner Palmetto and Douglas streets.

H. A. Spencer, Pastor.

Preaching services each Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m by the pastor. Congregational singing. Chorus choir.

Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock a. m.

Epworth League at 6:30 p m.

Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7 p. m.

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Corner Palmetto and Downing streets

W. H. Cresson, Rector.

Services first and third Sundays in each month. First Sunday: Holy communion at 8 a m, morning prayer at 11 a. m. and evening prayer at 7:30 p. m. Third Sunday, prayer at 7 p. m. Third Sunday: Holy communion and sermon at 11 a m evening prayer at 7:30 p m.

Litany service Friday at 7:30 p. m.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST.

On Orange street.

Sabbath school every Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock, followed by some form of religious service.

I. D. Swingle, Sabbath school superintendent.

Prayer meeting during the winter season every Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

On Washington street.

Robert A. George, pastor.

J. R. Berry, Sunday school superintendent.

Sunday services: 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning service; 6:30 p. m., young people's hour; 7:30 p. m., evening service.

Wednesday evening, 7:30 o'clock, fellowship night.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

On Faulkner street.

Father Barry in charge.

Services twice in the month, on the second and fourth Sundays. On these Sundays mass is said at 10 a. m. and evening devotions at 7:30 p. m.

Bible history class at 4 p. m. on the Fridays preceding the second and fourth Sundays.

Catechism class at 9 a. m. on the Saturdays preceding the second and fourth Sundays.

Mass at 7 a. m. on the Mondays following the second and fourth Sundays.

Sunday school every Sunday at 9 a. m.

CORONADO METHODIST CHURCH.

Lewis D. Moore, Pastor.

H. C. Longstreet, Sunday school superintendent.

Preaching services every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Sunday school at 2 o'clock.

Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Thirty fatherless children from France have been adopted by citizens of Jacksonville, and it is believed that at least one hundred more will find homes in that city.

—x—

The city council of Plant City has authorized the placing of at least seventy one standards in the business district of the city for the installation of a white way.

—x—

Will Ingram, a negro, who killed his wife in Plant City in 1913 and made his escape, returned to that city last week and gave himself up to the city marshal.

—x—

J. A. Crane, former secretary-treasurer of the road road bond trustees of Hillsborough county and who was $20,000 short in his accounts has repaid his bondsmen $9,000.

—x—

Palm Beach will have a new hotel of the most modern construction, which will cost approximately $400,000, according to the plans now in the hands of G. L. Pheifer, of Lemon City, who is the architect in charge of the work.

. . . IF IT'S . . .

Building - Material

WE HAVE IT

Let us figure your estimates. Our prices are right and the quality unsurpassed.

Lumber - Brick - Roofing - Cement

New Smyrna Lumber Co.

Telephone No. 6

HIGH GRADE COMMERCIAL **PRINTING**

PRINTING is our business and we know how to do it. We have one of the best equipped and most up to date printing plants on the East Coast and we employ only union printers --- men who are experts at their trade.

We can print anything but money and postage stamps

We will appreciate an opportunity to discuss your printing requirements with you

NEW SMYRNA NEWS

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

PORT ORANGE

Wm. Duffett was in town Monday.

New spuds are selling in our local market for $1.00 per peck.

E. L. Winter is taking a few days vacation working on his farm.

The "Good Times Club" was entertained by Mrs. Maynard this Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Dondanville left today for their home in Soreno, Ill.

Mr. Weidman, who has been clerk in the Pattillo store for some months, is taking a vacation.

The dry windy weather has been very trying on the fruit trees and truck, especially on the higher grounds.

Mesdames Brooks and McCall, who have had apartments at the Porters, left for their homes in the north on Tuesday.

The Amidons left on Tuesday for their northern home, Mr. Amidon's daughter, Mrs. Guy Lamphear, accompanying them.

The basket supper at the school house on Friday night was much enjoyed by the participants and netted a little over $18. This is for the benefit of the school.

L. W. Sparkman has deserted the large army of Ford owners, he having exchanged his Ford on a Hudson six and is devoting his spare time exploring the intricacies of his new venture "inwards."

Marvin Pool, who has been visiting his son, J. M. Pool, has returned to his home in Chicago, being unable to remain away from his business as manager of Butler Bros store, of which he is one of the proprietors.

The stork left a son with Mrs. Dozier Hardy on Friday last at her parent's home, J. L. Tedder, Dozier being at Lakeland. On Saturday night the child died. Mr Hardy is well known in New Smyrna, being the son of Pierce Hardy.

A little damage was caused Sunday night when some reckless youths forgot themselves and broke out lights in front of important places, turned out stock, destroyed the tide table in front of the barber shop and several other little annoyances. A stop is to be put into effect at once against such outrages.

At the Progressive league meeting Monday night it was voted to get a flag and erect a pole, and a committee was appointed to wait on the patriotic friends for funds for this worthy purpose. A committee was also appointed to have a bath house erected on the beach for bathing purposes. After some minor business was transacted adjournment was taken until the 23rd inst.

Some 53 excursionists went on the "Two Friends" to Titusville Saturday with the promise of a moonlight ride home. This promise was more than fulfilled. The boat arrived at Titusville at 6:10 p. m., and did not get back to Port Orange until 7 o'clock Sunday morning with a worn out, sleepy lot of passengers, there being practically no chance for any sleeping on the boat. Sunday was more than usually a sleepy day for the passengers. A few wisely took the train home after spending the night in Titusville.

FIRE ON M'DONALD DREDGE AT ROSE BAY

A fire aboard the dipper dredge owned by C. M. McDonald & Son, of Daytona and tied up at the Rose Bay bridge was discovered by two men from Allandale Saturday night about dark, and owing to the quick action of the two the flames were extinguished before any appreciable damage was done.

The dredge is engaged in making a fill on the New Smyrna-Daytona road at Rose Bay, and at the time the fire was discovered no one was abroad, the men in charge having put out the fires under the boiler for the night and washed down the deck. The fire originated in a pile of cord wood, about 30 feet from the engine, the origin being unknown.

When Cecil McDonald visited the dredge Sunday he was informed of the fire. Owing to the fact that the dredge was tied up at the bridge had it not been for the fortunate discovery of the flames by the two from Allandale, it is probable that not only the dredge but also the bridge would [illegible] a total loss.

HAWKS PARK

Mr. and Mrs. John Baker left for the north Monday.

The Murrays spent the week end at their home in the Park.

Mesdames Love, Fuller and Keatley drove to Daytona Wednesday with Mrs. C. E. Vrooman.

Miss Leone Lamboley with a party of friends drove down from Holly Hill for a week end visit with Mrs. Heal.

The school children enjoyed an Easter egg hunt last Friday afternoon, which Mrs. Williams prepared for them.

Miss Gwendolyn Crawford, who has been visiting her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Crawford, has returned to DeLand.

Sunday, Mrs. C. E. Vrooman drove to DeLand with a party of friends to attend the vesper service at Stetson university.

Mrs Marshall and two daughters left Tuesday for New Orleans to visit a daughter there before going to their home in Bradford.

Saturday, Gilbert Ballentine took a picnic party down to Turner's landing composed of Mrs. Stoddard, Mrs. Pierre and sister, Miss Jagger, the Hamiltons and Murrays. A very enjoyable day was spent by all.

Mrs. Eaton and her daughter, Mrs. Baker, left Wednesday morning for their New Hampshire home. They expect to go by boat from Savannah to Boston. We wish them a safe and pleasant trip.

C. B. Matson has his machinery up and is sawing timber for his new mill It sounds good to hear the hum and buzz of the saw, and the whistle three times a day, and it shows that we are growing and hope other industries will locate here.

CORONADO

Miss Marie Griest delightfully entertained the club on Wednesday.

Plans are well under way for the erection of the new Coronado club house

Mr and Mrs. W. I. Dutcher are spending several days with friends in Sorrento, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Cooper spent Sunday with Mr. Cooper's parents in Sorrento, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman, of Buffalo, N. Y., are stopping at the Goble apartments for a time.

Clarence MacManigal, who has been spending the winter with the Detwilers left Tuesday for his home in Williamsport, Pa.

Rupert Longstreet, of DeLand, has been spending the past week at the home of his parents, entertaining the measles.

The following people left Monday morning for their respective homes in the north: Mrs. Compton and daughter, Georgia; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Minor; Mr. and Mrs. Baxter Bartholomew.

Interesting Easter Services

The Easter services in the Congregational church were of an unusually interesting character. The church had been beautifully decorated in magnolia foliage arranged to cover the entire choir railing, with here and there magnolia blossoms looking out. On the right and left of the pulpit platform covering the entire wall were massed magnolia, palmetto and bamboo foliage, arranged in a very artistic manner. The pulpit platform and railing were draped in white and purple and bunches of Easter lilies added much to the beauty and fitness of the occasion. A vested choir of 20 voices opened the morning and evening services with a processional, "Christ, the Lord, Is Risen Today." The choir was assisted by Mrs. McClain, Miss Jean Chapman and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Woodward.

The Easter evening service was largely given over to the children and young people, many taking part in songs, recitations and tableau.

An interesting feature of the morning service was the presentation of a cancelled note of $500, covering the total indebtedness of the church. Both the piano and the church organ have been repaired and tuned and the vestibule of the church has been festooned.

CHARTER BOARD ELECTION TO BE HELD NEXT WEEK

(Continued from Page One.)

clined to state to the voters whether they favor any change in the present city government are D. C. Silvers, W. P. Wilkinson, A. M. Yarbrough and F. W. Sams.

The list of voters qualified to participate in the special charter board election, prepared by the county supervisor of registration, shows W. P. Wilkinson and A. M. Yarbrough also disqualified to participate in the election. The state law specifically states that only resident, qualified electors may be members of the charter board.

In order to get the sentiment of the candidates the News sent to each of the 14 candidates whose names will appear on the official ballot the following letter, noting that it was a request from the voters to know how they stood on the question of a new charter:

"Because there has been little public discussion of what the citizens of New Smyrna are to expect in the way of a city charter to be drafted by the proposed new charter board to be elected April 17, and because the News has been asked many times how the several candidates stand on the matter of changing the form of city government and what form the voters may expect to be proposed in the new charter, we are enclosing a list of a few questions that have been asked, with the request that you will please answer them and return to us promptly in the enclosed stamped envelope.

"This is a request from the voters to know how you stand on these questions, and your answers will be given to the voters through the News this week.

"Please mail your answers so they reach us by Tuesday.

"Thanking you in advance for the courtesy, we are

"Yours truly,

"NEW SMYRNA NEWS,

"By H. L. Rood."

The list of questions submitted was as follows:

1. Do you favor retaining the present city charter without amendments?

2. Do you favor amending the present city charter? If so, state briefly what amendments you would propose.

3. Do you favor an entirely new charter providing for city government by a commission of three or five men to be elected by the people, who would have entire management of our city administration?

4. Do you favor an entirely new charter providing for a commission of three men to be elected by the people and be vested with legislative powers, and who will employ a man trained in scientific city management as city manager?

5. If what is known as the commission-manager form of charter is adopted, would you favor employing a local man as city manager?

6. Do you favor employing the city manager by popular vote?

7. Would you favor a referendum and recall on the city commissioners?

8. Do you favor a readjustment of the assessed valuations of city property for city taxation, or should we continue to use the valuations as fixed by the county tax assessor?

9. Do you favor woman's suffrage in all city elections?

10. Please state briefly other provisions you think should be incorporated in the city charter.

The result of this effort to learn for the voters of the city how the candidates stand on the matter of a change in the city government, is shown in the following replies received:

B. H. WILSON

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No. He should be employed by the commissioners.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: I favor readjustment and equalization.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: Manager should be paid a salary large enough to insure full time services of a competent man, and should hold office only so long as he rendered good service. Commissioners should be elected for one, two and three years, and one elected each year. City election should be held in March or early part of April, instead of July as at present.

W. C. CHOWNING

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: That the city manager shall also be the city engineer.

M. A. GALBREATH
(Not Qualified)

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No suggestions.

H. C. PHILLIPS

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: Yes, if for the best interests of the city.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: I favor readjustment.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No suggestions.

W. L. GAUSE

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: No.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No suggestions.

S. M. JONES
(Not Qualified)

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 9. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 10. Answer: No ssuggestions.

J. J. BIRCH

Question No. 1. Answer: No.
Question No. 2. Answer: No.
Question No. 3. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 4. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 5. Answer: No.
Question No. 6. Answer: No.
Question No. 7. Answer: Yes.
Question No. 8. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 9. Answer: No answer.
Question No. 10. Answer: No answer.

T. L. HOWELL
(Not Qualified)

Favors the commission manager form of government for the city, but is not qualified to participate in the special election; also, if he was qualified, feels that the duties of a member of the board would require more time than he could spare from his business.

W. L. RILEY
(Not Qualified)

Favors a change to the commission-manager form of government, but is not qualified to participate in the election and asks his friends not to vote for him but to vote for the five men who are qualified and have pledged themselves to prepare a commission-manager charter.

O. B. GRIGGS

Favors a change in the form of city government, but says the condition of his health will not permit him to serve on the charter board if elected. Authorizes the statement that he has withdrawn his name from the list of candidates and asks his friends not to vote for him.

D. C. SILVERS

Makes no answer.

W. P. WILKINSON

Makes no answer.

A. M. YARBROUGH

Makes no answer.

F. W. SAMS

Makes no answer.

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Very strong colonies in ten frame hives, $5.50 per colony; free delivery if five or more colonies bought at one time for $25. Are plenty strong enough to divide and make two from each one purchased.

GEO. J. VANDEVORD,
Mt. Dora, Florida

A STATEMENT

In anticipation of the increased prosperity supposed to follow the recent changes of property interests at Coronado Beach and vicinity, a few pertinent inquiries, which may interest those signing the petition calling for a bond issue for a bridge and road district, embraced in the county of Volusia and state of Florida, which is known as Commissioner's District No. 5, in accordance with chapter 6208 of the laws of Florida, acts of 1911, one section being designated as follows:

"One certain road described as beginning at Main street on Coronado Beach and running northwesterly along the Island about 0.32 of a mile, and beginning at Main street and running southeasterly along the Island about 1.17 miles, and beginning at City Dock on Indian river and running thence in an easterly direction across the Island to the Beach, a distance of about 0.36 of a mile, all being in Township 17 S. R 34 E."

Special reference is made to the last four lines of the petition, as cited, and to which at least 10 signatures are affixed whose property interests are located on Flagler avenue instead of a roadway 1200 feet distant from any recognized route of travel. In no subdivision of Coronado is there a street designated as Main street, and the deception was evidently intentional and calculated to advance the property interests of the lot owners on both sides of the improved street. Ten thousand dollars of the amount raised by the petitioners of the commissioner's district No. 5 have been deflected from the original purpose and the object of this communication is to endeavor to place the responsibility where it belongs, as apparently there are but four property owners being benefitted therefrom, and protests made at the time were unavailing. The petition is in evidence, and those signing for the improvement of the road now completed, instead of Flagler avenue will be given a hearing.

(Signed)

T. J. MURRAY
JOHN Y. DETWILER
C. L. DOHN
C. L. BERGE
J. H. HIBBARD
H. E. ZIPPERER

Holy Week Services

The union services of the churches during Holy week were well attended and much appreciated. It brought the members of the various churches together in a fraternal and helpful way. This kind of a movement sets a good example and answers a lot of objections and gives people an increasing interest in the work of the churches. The union communion service Thursday night was especially inspiring and many testified that it was the most helpful communion service they had ever attended. When the churches get together in this way they will come into increasing power in the community. The sunrise prayer meeting Easter morning under the Cathedral oaks was well attended and greatly appreciated. This was something new and its newness and fitness appealed to many people and there is an expressed desire that this may become an established Easter custom in New Smyrna.

TWO COMMISSIONERS ARE ASKED TO RESIGN PLACES

(Continued from Page One.)

my statement to be true. It has been currently reported for some time that I was to be removed to give room for a political favorite of those opposed to me. I am still hopeful that an executive order of yours may not accomplish what my opponents are unable to do before the people.

I must, therefore, respectfully decline to resign, and await your further advices in this matter.

Yours truly,

L. B. BOUCHELLE.

Burgman Also Requested

The letter from the governor to Commissioner Burgman of the Daytona district, asking for his resignation, was similar to the one written to Commissioner Bouchelle, and Mr. Burgman's reply to the governor is as follows:

"Responsive to yours of the 6th, inst., requesting that I tender to you my resignation as County Commissioner of the Fourth Commissioner's District of Volusia county received. Responding to same beg to submit for your consideration the following:

"In my letter to you of March 20th, last, I made to you full statement of my alleged connection with alleged Turnbull Bay association. That statement stands.

"I hereby deny and resent with all the power at my command your libellous accusation that I applied to the Federal authorities for a license to sell liquor at any place.

"I hereby deny and resent likewise with all the power of insulted manhood and American citizenship your outrageous statement that I am connected with, or ever assisted in the organization of, or ever visited any "joint" or immoral place where liquor is sold or has been sold.

"My life during my nineteen years residence among the people of this commonwealth has been an open book to any man, woman or child, and it has been clean Neither you nor your political adherents can besmirch it by unfounded and false accusation.

"I have never received any warning from any "County Attorney" as you allege, "not to open any joint." There never existed any reason for such warning.

"I court the widest possible publicity and am ready now, or at any time to face accusers or malicious slanderers

"I herewith absolutely refuse to resign as County Commissioner from this District at your request. I owe my election to the citizenship of this Commissioner's District. If guilty of the things you accuse me of I would owe it to them as a duty to resign and not to you.

"If it is your intention to attempt to remove me from this office to make room for some one of your followers, "go to it," the responsibility will be yours, not mine."

Solid Comfort

is what you want and what you need after the day's work and supper are over, and the evening at home is before you. It is what you will have, too, when

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The line of lounges, library tables, reading lamps, bookcases, easy chairs and similar furnishing which we sell will satisfy the most discriminating customers at the most reasonable prices. We will prove this to you when you come in to see our display.

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WAR SWEPT CHIOS

The Historic Aegean Island and Its Stormy Career.

BATHED IN BLOOD BY TURKS.

In 1822 an Army of Moslems Slaughtered 30,000 of Its People and Pillaged and Burned the Island—Twice Laid Waste by Earthquakes.

The Aegean island of Chios is the subject of a striking communication to the National Geographic society from Ernest Lloyd Harris, a part of which is issued as the following bulletin:

"Chios, which is separated from the mainland of Asia Minor by the strait of Chios, only four and a half miles wide, has long been a bone of contention between Turk and Greek, and during the earlier part of the nineteenth century it was the scene of some of the bloodiest tragedies known to history.

"As early as 700 B. C. it was one of the [illegible] members of the Ionian [illegible]. It has disputed with Smyrna the honor of being the birthplace of Homer. When the Ionian cities [illegible] against the Persian yoke Chios manned and equipped 100 ships and sent them to the battle of Lade. This stands for something when we take into consideration the fact that at that time—namely, 494 B. C.—the population of the island numbered only [illegible] free men and 100,000 slaves.

"Chios has been in turn Roman, Persian, [illegible] Roman, Italian, Turkish and finally, in 1912, after a separation of nearly [illegible] years, it was united [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

"During [illegible] all these [illegible] Chios has [illegible] [illegible] days. Even in the old days of the Roman [illegible] it was celebrated [illegible] of its commerce and industries, especially for its native wine and the manufacture of [illegible]. [illegible] the island was ruled as a [illegible] province and enjoyed several hundred years of almost unbroken peace and prosperity.

"Chios' real troubles virtually began with the Greek war of independence. Somewhat against the will of the people the island became involved in this struggle and was visited by a terror which appalled humanity. In 1822 the captain pasha appeared before Kastro with a powerful fleet and landed an army of Moslems, who slaughtered in the space of two months no less than 30,000 Chians, while 2,000 were sold into slavery. The entire island was given over to pillage, and scarcely a village, church or convent was spared the flames.

"These acts of ferocity did not go unavenged. While the Moslems were ravaging Chios the islanders of Psara and Hydra were planning an attempt on the Turkish fleet, which was lying in the outer harbor of Kastro, just off the Genoese citadel. The authors of this bold stroke were Constantine Canaris and George Pepinis. They arranged two brigs as fire ships and manned them with a chosen band of desperate men.

"The lights hanging at the masts of the Turkish ships were so dim that the Chians were enabled completely to surprise the unsuspecting crew at midnight. The brig commanded by Canaris immediately grappled with the captain pasha's flagship and set it on fire. Pepinis was equally successful, and another battleship went up in flames. With shouts of 'Victory to the Cross,' the old time war cry of Byzantium, the islanders escaped in a launch which they had in tow without the loss of a single man. Practically the whole of the captain pasha's fleet was destroyed and 2,300 lives were lost.

"There is an old Greek monastery about an hour's ride from Kastro which is a gruesome monument of this period. Its walls and alcoves are faced with the skeletons of the Chians massacred in this neighborhood.

"One of the chief products of Chios is gum mastic, an astringent which is grown in the southern part of the island. It is used as a gum and also distilled as a liquid, which is used throughout the Levant as an appetizer immediately before meals. It is an intoxicant if used immoderately.

"One feature of the scenery of Chios is the picturesque old windmills which crown the ridges and slopes along the coast. The wheels are of very large dimensions and are fitted with sails which supply the motive power for grinding corn. Owing to the possible visitation of earthquakes, the houses are rarely more than two stories high and when scattered along the countryside are usually surrounded by olive or pepper trees, which add much to the beauty and charm of the island."

A Florentine Episode

By ELINOR MARSH

Arthur Hemstreet, a rich young American, before settling down to a career, concluded to spend a season in Europe. He sailed from New York to Naples, thence proceeded to Rome and later to Florence.

It is supposed by persons who have not been in Italy that one sees everywhere relics of the ancient Romans. There are comparatively few such relics, but there are many of mediaeval Italy. The most costly dwellings are palazzos built several centuries ago. Hemstreet took a fancy to Florence and concluded to spend some time there, so he rented a palazzo, or rather half a one, and, hiring servants, settled himself down, as it were, in the middle of the sixteenth century.

The building had been divided into two parts, the part that Hemstreet did not occupy being occupied for a small family hotel, or, rather, what in Europe is called a pension, which is midway between a hotel and a boarding house.

One rainy afternoon Hemstreet, who had spent most of the day in the picture galleries for which Florence is noted, came to his palazzo. It was so dark that his servants had lighted the lamps, and, going upstairs, as he entered the hall on which his bedroom was located he was astonished to see that the hall was double the length he had supposed it to be. At any rate, he saw double the lights, but they were dim, as were the objects they lighted.

Hemstreet was very much puzzled. Going into his room, he threw off his wet overcoat and rubber shoes, then went out with the intention of exploring the hall. He was surprised to see that it ended as he had understood it to end, with a picture.

Hemstreet was [illegible]. Surely something had been [illegible] in his brain. He went to the picture, examined it, saw that it was [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

One night when Hemstreet was in [illegible] he fancied he heard a [illegible] in the hall. There were no women in the house except a couple of housemaids who knew their place and were in bed when Hemstreet had come in. Curious to know what the sound meant, he arose and cautiously opening his door enough to see through the aperture, saw a sight that amazed him more than his previous unexplained one. A young girl stood in the hall facing the picture, laughing and beckoning. She was all aquiver with excitement, though she did not speak except in pantomime.

Thunderstruck, Hemstreet turned from the door, felt in a closet for a dressing gown, then hunted for a pair of slippers beside his bed, for he dare not strike a light for fear of scaring the apparition, without then returned to the door, threw it open and went out, intending, if it were flesh and blood, to capture it.

The hall was empty.

He looked to the end toward which the girl had beckoned. There was the picture, its figures immovable as ever.

Hemstreet went back to bed in wonder. Somehow it did not seem to him that he had seen a ghost. He felt no terror, though he began to worry anew lest there was a hitch in his brain. He lay awake most of the night trying to solve the problem, but finally went to sleep thinking of it.

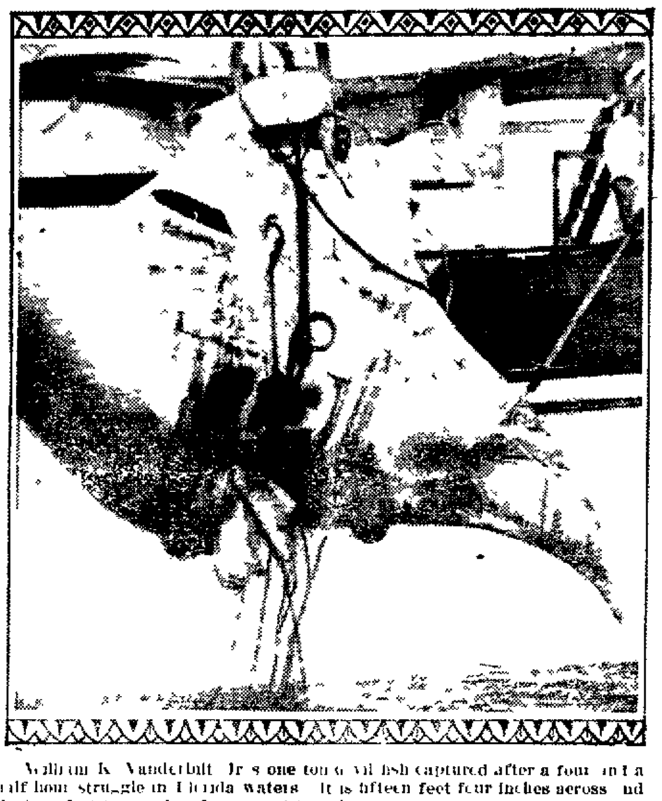
He arose the next morning shortly before time for luncheon and stood looking out on to the street. A cab drove up to the pension next door and a party alighted, which included several girls. Hemstreet was thunderstruck to recognize in one of these girls the one who had stood in his hall way the night before.

It was now evident that the apparition was flesh and blood and doubtless on a lark. Hemstreet went next door and asked if there was any passage way between the pension and his domicile, but the landlady answered him that the two wings had been thoroughly cut off from each other. She had a motive in this since she suspected that Hemstreet had lost property which would be laid to some one in her wing.

Hemstreet kept an eye out for the apparition in the galleries and finally came upon her. She was an American with a party of Americans. After securing an introduction to her he accused her of having trespassed on his premises. She colored and after some hesitation confessed.

A hallway extending from one end to the other of the original palazzo had been cut in two parts by a door swinging on a central pivot. On one side of the door was a mural painting, on the other a mirror. A party of tourist girls in the pension had discovered this secret and one night, led by the girl Hemstreet had discovered, made a foray into his hallway. Only the girl in question entered, the rest hanging back. She was beckoning them to come when Hemstreet discovered her. While he had been hunting for his gown she had beaten a retreat and swung the door back to its original place.

SEA DEVIL CAUGHT BY VANDERBILT



William K. Vanderbilt, Jr.'s one ton devil fish captured after a four and a half hour struggle in Florida waters. It is fifteen feet four inches across and thirteen feet two inches from snout to tail.

HIS LOVE FOR HIS DEAD.

He Made It a Power to Gladden Some of the Needy Living

A little old man came into the office of the Chicago Charities the other day and laid down $[illegible] to help out some needy families. Then he told them [illegible] story.

"Years ago, when all of my folks were living, I could not afford to give [illegible]. [illegible] I can now, but [illegible] have gone. I [illegible] my folks [illegible] a shawl for [illegible] and I [illegible] down the [illegible] I would have spent [illegible] things for my d[illegible] for my faith[illegible] old friend [illegible] them you [illegible] though they would [illegible]. When I added up all the money I would have spent it came to almost [illegible] so I added a little to it and here it is."

His any one heard of a finer more beautiful [illegible] a man's love for his dead. The things he had wanted to do it was too late to do now. He might, it is true, have spent money on stone [illegible] artificial and melancholy [illegible] quiet hillside where his folks rest. He found a better way to spend his affection, to remember in this way those he could no longer reach and then to see that his loving memory of them went to make others happier. He made his love for his dead a power to gladden the living. He laid tribute on grief and made it a blessing. It is not a sad story. We need not pity him. But we cannot help loving him.—Milwaukee Journal.

SHELL SHOCK IN BATTLE.

A Curious Fact That Only Unwounded Men Suffer From It

By the methods of modern war no inconsiderable proportion of battlefield casualties are due to shell shock—a new terror of battle and one that was unknown before the advent of latter day high explosives.

It is a curious fact that only unwounded men suffer from shell shock. Eminent surgeons say that a wound neutralizes the psychic sense. In plain English, that nerves do not affect a wounded man in the same way as an unwounded one.

For shell shock is nothing more or less than a nervous breakdown—a terribly intensive breakdown that physicians find most difficult to cure. It is entirely a mental cause, and though it is called shell shock it has very little to do with shells.

There are men, brave men too, who find the strain of war too great for their mental stamina. They see terrible sights and hear terrible things, and these react upon them temperamentally and physically. Gradually, perhaps unconsciously, their ability to resist is overborne. Their mental power is exhausted. They become afraid—dreadfully, terribly afraid—and the end is only a matter of time.

A certain cure has yet to be found, though severe electrical treatment has had some effect.—London Answers.

According to the new city directory Tampa has a population of 71,30[illegible].

Where the Lo[illegible]er Is King

The d[illegible] [illegible]

Parentheses and Brackets

Know all writers, compositors and proofreaders by these presents: Marks of parentheses (which are frequently required) are not to be confounded with brackets [Hear, hear] which serve a different purpose. The use of one for the other (while almost any newspaper page) is extremely sloppy (if you know what we mean) and exhibits lack of familiarity with or indifference to the technique of writing. [Applause.]

Milk a Pain Killer

"Everybody should know that milk is an excellent pain killer," says Farm and Fireside, "first because it gives almost immediate relief, and second because milk or cream is nearly always available. If a person should get tar in the eyes put in a few drops of milk or cream. It will also afford great relief if cement or a gnat should get in the eyes."

Alachua county will vote on the proposition of issuing bonds in the sum of $500,000 for the building of good roads. The election takes place on April 27.

PUBLIC HEALTH WORK.

Too Many People Die From Causes That Are Preventable.

Probably 350,000 people die yearly in the United States from preventable causes; also something like 2 per cent of the population is disabled from sickness at any given time, and a large part of this is preventable.

The standing problem before public health boards is: How, with the means at their disposal, to make the greatest possible reduction in this social waste?

Perhaps there has been more co-operation in this governmental field than in any other—a freer circulation of ideas and experience, so that one community has profited by the discoveries of another. Yet the work is far from systematized.

A pamphlet by the Russell Sage foundation suggests that, with adequate reports on mortality and sickness, communities which have the same general health conditions may by careful study and comparison work out a formula for applying their health appropriations with reasonable certainty of getting the best possible results for the money.

The first factor in the formula would be the amount of damage produced by any given cause of sickness and death. The second factor would be the readiness with which this cause yielded to preventive measures. For example, cancer causes much damage, but in the present stage of medical science is not classed as a preventable disease. On the other hand, smallpox causes little damage, but its potentialities of damage are high, and it readily yields to the simple preventive of vaccination. By a sufficiently careful study of adequate data a health board can reduce this to mathematical terms and say with assurance: Twenty-four per cent of our appropriation should go to preventing infants' diseases, 1[illegible] per cent to tuberculosis. And so on—the figures varying, of course, under different conditions of climate, housing and the [illegible].

The p[illegible] [illegible] as to what may be accompl[illegible] [illegible]

LOW TIDES ON THE BEACH

[illegible]

RUB OUT PAIN with good oil liniment. That's the surest way to stop them. The best rubbing liniment is

MUSTANG LINIMENT

Good for the Ailments of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Etc.
Good for your own Aches, Pains, Rheumatism, Sprains, Cuts, Burns, Etc.
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DR. G. A. KLOCK
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
DAYTONA : FLORIDA
x x x
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J. LITTLE
BRICK PLASTERER
CEMENT WORKER
New Smyrna Florida

M. B. FIVEASH
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
New Smyrna, Florida

Clear Your Complexion with This Old Reliable Remedy—
HANCOCK SULPHUR COMPOUND
For pimples, black-heads, freckles, blotches and tan, as well as for more serious face, scalp and body eruptions, hives, eczema, etc., use this scientific compound of sulphur. As a lotion it soothes and heals; taken internally—a few drops in a glass of water—it gets at the root of the trouble and purifies the blood.
Physicians agree that sulphur is one of the most effective blood purifiers known. Remember, a good complexion isn't skin deep—it's health deep.
Be sure to ask for HANCOCK SULPHUR COMPOUND. It has been used with satisfactory results for over 25 years.
50c and $1 the bottle
at your druggist's. If he can't supply you, send his name and the price in stamps and we will send you a bottle direct.
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Baltimore, Md.
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PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

At the regular meeting of the board of county commissioners held April 5, the report of the road superintendent for the month of March was read as follows:

As your road superintendent, I beg leave to report that I have inspected the roads in nearly all portions of the county, investigating their conditions and needs.

The convicts have been employed for about two weeks dressing the earth shoulders of the brick roads in and near DeLand. They were used for two weeks widening the grade on the DeLand-Daytona road near Tiger bay, doing the work with wheel barrows and with hired teams. Two days the convicts were used repairing the grade at the Tomoka fill.

In district No. 4, free labor and teams have been used to put the DeLand-Daytona road in passable condition.

In district No. 1, some repair work has been done on the Orange City-Sanford road.

Repairs have been made at the Crow's Bluff ferry and chain ordered for the ferry at Astor. Also minor repairs have been made on small wooden bridges in districts Nos. 4 and 3.

I have found that one six-horse grader, one four-horse grader and five two-horse graders can be put in good condition at a reasonable cost. One tractor and one truck which are not in working order will be sold when a prchaser can be found.

Respectfully submitted,
I. F. WATERMAN,
Road Superintendent.

A delegation of gentlemen from Brevard, Orange and Seminole counties, appeared before the board on behalf of improvement to the road from Southmere to Seminole county line and after presenting their claims were given assurance that Volusia county would do what she could toward the improvement of said road.

Commissioners from districts Nos. 1, 2, 4 and 5 reported general repairs to roads and bridges in their respective districts.

The clerk was instructed to pay to the White Motor Car company the sum of $1,675. (now here received from Ackerman & Ellis on account of shell used by them from the county shell pit) for one White road truck and said company is instructed to deliver said truck to the county on order from the clerk.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Whereas, Hamilton Johnson, contractor for road No. 3 in the DeLand-Lake Helen and New Smyrna road district has requested leave to sublet 14 miles of said road in the New Smyrna district to Akerman & Ellis, now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the board hereby consents that said contract may be so sublet as provided in article 12 of said contract, relative to the subletting of same.

At the request of F. G. Proudfoot, on account of the absence of his attorney, the matter of adjustment of F. G. Proudfoot's contract on the DeLand-Daytona road was laid over until such time, between this date and the next regular meeting of the board as may be agreed upon by the chairman and Mr. Proudfoot, when, at such time, the board will be called to meet in Daytona and proceed to a hearing on the matter.

The chairman presented to the board the condition of the finances of Halifax road and bridge district, with a map showing road connection in the north end of said district, and called on T. F. Williams, who represented the Halifax company, through whose property said road would run, as to the stand his company would take if any change was made from the original contract for building said road.

Mr. Williams stated that his company would demand that said road from the Tomoka river north to the county line be built strictly according to contract.

It was ordered, on the advice of the attorneys for the board, that a sufficient amount be withheld from the final estimates of all contractors to meet the claims filed against them with the board.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes.

Whereas, The matter of the right of way of the F. E. C. Ry. and the right of way of the county road over the T. C. Marlowe land as per deed, recorded in deed book — page — has been satisfactorily adjusted by the F. E. C. Ry. company, having deeded to the county of Volusia a right of way over the Marlowe land, and

Whereas, They have constructed a public highway over said land satisfactory to the board of county commissioners, the petition for the change of said road is hereby denied, and be it

Resolved, That the highway be changed in accordance with the deed from the F. E. C. Ry to the county of Volusia, and that the said road be and the same is hereby accepted as designated in said deed, and the deed above mentioned from the F. E. C. Ry company is hereby accepted, and the chairman of the board is hereby authorized to execute the acceptance of said deed.

The communication from I. T. McPherson in regard to the crossing at Osteen was referred to the road superintendent for reply.

The report of the mass meeting of citizens of Daytona endorsing the action of the board in requesting the withdrawal of the Proudfoot contract on the DeLand-Daytona road was ordered filed.

The monthly reports of the farm agent, clerk of the criminal court, sheriff and county judge were received and ordered filed.

Commissioner Haymans was instructed to make necessary, urgent repairs to the Southmere bridge over the St. Johns river and to report to the board the cost of the necessary repairs to the roadway.

The action of the trustees of the Halifax road and bridge district in purchasing and destroying bonds of their district, Nos. 132 to 136 inclusive, was approved.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes.

Resolved, That the building committee have an architect prepare plans for remodeling the old jail building on Rich avenue, DeLand, making it into suitable offices; and upon acceptance of plans, the clerk to advertise for bids for performing the work called for in the plans, said bids to be presented at the next meeting of the board.

The road superintendent was instructed to prepare and place proper signs on all county bridges warning the public not to park cars on the bridges.

The following notary public bonds were approved: Isaac Stewart, M. C. Armstrong, A. D. Clarkson, John G. Leonardy, R. P. Hamlin, J. E. Peacock, Thos. S. Hays, W. H. Courtney and C. A. Randall.

The bond of I. F. Waterman as road superintendent was approved.

The revolver bond of I. F. Waterman was approved.

The following resolution was adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes.

Whereas, The Volusia County Press association has very generously offered to print the complete minutes of this board, including the list of warrants drawn each month, at the rate of 12½ cents per inch, which is 87½ cents an inch less than the customary rate for legal advertising and 50 per cent less than the common reading advertising, and this board would gladly accept the offer but for the fact that the last appropriation for advertising will not permit this expenditure for the current year; appreciating, however, this offer on the part of the press of the county, and recognizing that the people of the county are entitled to know where their money goes, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the clerk of this board is hereby directed this month (April) to send complete lists of the warrants drawn by this board to the Volusia County Record, DeLand, to the Gazette-News, Daytona, and to the New Smyrna News, New Smyrna; and in May the clerk shall send the list of warrants to the DeLand News, DeLand, the Halifax Journel, Daytona, and the New Smyrna Breeze, New Smyrna, and to rotate the same each month among these six newspapers, the board agreeing to pay 12½ cents per inch for publication of same, measurements to be made in 8-pt. solid type.

The following resolution was duly passed and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Resolved, That the board of county commissioners will on Thursday, May 10, receive bids for lots of land, or land and building, together with terms of paying for same, on which to permanently locate a county farm, and other county purposes. That it is the sense of this board that a suitable location with 100 to 200 acres of land be secured. That the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for such offers.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Resolved, That the road superintendent be and he is herby instructed to remove from the right of way of all public roads of Volusia county, as he may conveniently do so, all unauthorized signs.

The following resolution was unanmously adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Whereas, the people of Volusia county have taxed themselves very heavily to build for the use of themselves and the thousands of tourists who annually visit us, a road system costing over one million dollars, and

Whereas, we are proud of the beauty and usefulness of our roads, and gladly welcome all persons who will use and not abuse them, and

Whereas, To get the best use of the roads for all, they must be kept from the abuses of the speed fiend and the auto maniac; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the board of county commissioners of Volusia county, in regular session, that the sheriff is hereby instructed to arrest the driver of each and every automobile or vehicle coming into contact with another auto or vehicle on any public road or ground of the county, and to summon them for appearance before the justices of the peace of county judge, and shall obtain evidence and prosecute the party causing said accident, as provided in chapter 5437, laws of 1905. To the innocent victim of the accident, the sheriff is hereby directed to give a written statement, showing that the driver was not at fault and briefly reciting the cause of the accident. The sheriff is further instructed to furnish this board, at the end of each month, a statement showing the name of each driver examined, the number of his car, and the disposition of the case.

The financial statement for the period ending March 31, 1217, was signed and ordered certified to the comptroller.

The report of the county depository for the month of March was filed, the following balances being shown to the several funds:

General revenue fund	$ 4,564.88
Fine and forfeiture fund	1,143.40
Road and bridge fund	21,264.46

The matter of building a shell road at Osteen was referred to the road superintendent for investigation with power to act.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered spread upon the minutes:

Resolved, That this board go on record as being opposed to the taking of any territory from the northern portion of Volusia county and adding same to any territory which parties are now attempting to constitute into what is known as Flagler county, and the clerk of this board is instructed to transmit a copy of this resolution to our senator and representatives at Tallahassee, urging them to use all their influence against the taking of said territory from Volusia county.

The following warrants against the several road and bridge districts were approved and ordered signed by the chairman and clerk of the board:

DeLand-Lake Helen Special Road and Bridge District Vouchers

66	Miller Hardware Co.	$ 27.74
67	So. Clay Mfg. Co	4,595.95
68	So. Clay Mfg. Co.	6,652.56
69	Wilson Const. Co.	3,714.90
70	Hamilton Johnson	5,020.18
71	N. N. Jacobs	545.00
72	J. B. McCrary Co.	844.18

New Smyrna Special Road and Bridge District Vouchers

42	Void	
43	Hamilton Johnson	$ 266.47
44	Langston & Mack	12,240.97
15	Bryson & Bryson	1,789.06
46	Bryson & Bryson	3,130.66
47	J. B. McCrary Co.	1,095.66
48	Bryson & Beyson	253.40
49	Bryson & Bryson	2,415.40
50	Akerman & Ellis	7,510.54
51	Akerman & Ellis	480.83

Halifax Special Road and Bridge District

64	C. A. Ballough	$ 600.00
65	C. A. Ballough	209.80
66	J. B. McCrary Co.	765.34
67	F. G. Proudfoot	21,777.16
68	F. F. Smith	1,264.70

The miscellaneous bills against the county were then examined and approved and the following warrants drawn in payment of same:

April 5, 1917.

No.	To Whom Issued	Purpose of Expenditure	Amount
187	Gid Brown	Support	5.00
8	Mrs. D. M. Bryant	Support	5.00
9	A. J. Dugger	Support	5.00
190	Abraham Hodson	Support	5.00
1	W. H. Knight	Support	5.00
2	Mrs. Judy Morrison	Support	5.00
3	Delia Purdom	Support	5.00
4	Nancy Peterson	Support	5.00
5	Mrs. Milly Smith	Support	5.00
6	Jos. R. Turner	Support	5.00
7	U. Hunt	Support	5.00
8	Alfred Hardyman	Support	8.00
9	J. C. Higkman	Support	8.00
200	Inez Tuck	Support	8.00
1	Mrs. M. R. McCormick	Support	8.00
2	Mrs. M. A. Hughes	Support	8.00
3	Ella J. Horn	Support	8.00
4	Mrs. G. H. Russeau	Support	10.00
5	J. E. Barnhart	Support	10.00
6	Bryant Morris	Support	10.00
7	George L. Haley	Support	10.00
8	Mrs. Nelson Baker	Support	10.00
9	Mrs. Enoch Driggers	Support	15.00
210	Mrs. Amy Allen	Support	8.00
1	Geo. Swartz	Support	8.00
2	N. E. Roberts	Support	8.00
3	Mrs. Kate Rose	Keeper Poor House	35.00
4	R. P. Hamlin	County Solicitor	62.00
5	Morris Benbow	Janitor	36.00
6	R. E. Lenfest	Farm Demonstrator	66.66
7	I. C. Hughes	Supervisor Registration	18.45
8	St. Vincent Hospital	Care Poor	30.00
9	Bert Fish	Judge Criminal Court	375.00
220	So. Bell Tel. & Tel. Co.	Phones	15.00
1	N. N. Jacobs	Reps C H Walk	25.50
2	DELPICO	Lights	37.76
3	Gould Wooten Co.	Bond Road Superintendent	2.50
4	Painter Printing Co.	Mounting Maps	4.38
5	E. S. Robinson	County Map	3.25
6	V. M. Fountain	Supplies Jail	4.35
7	J. F. Allen Frt Co.	Supplies Jail, Etc.	57.45
8	G. A. Dreka & Co.	Supplies Jail, Etc.	30.60
9	Bracey Drug Co.	Supplies Jail	15.25
230	A. L. Marsh	Supplies Poor House	16.95
1	Mrs. Kate Rose	Wood Poor House	6.00
2	W. D. Haynes	Supplies Poor House	33.23
3	W. L. James & Son	Burying Pauper	12.00
4	Wm S. Thayer	Supplies Poor	14.00
5	A. H. Woodall	Supplies Poor	11.50
6	Journal Printing Co.	Advertising	4.50
7	G. W. Fisher Drug Co.	Ink	1.50
8	H. & W. B. Drew Co.	Blanks	4.15
9	News Publishing Co.	Stationery	40.50
240	Burgman Brothers	Stationery	13.42
1	Sam'l D. Jordan	Clerk Fees, Etc.	100.24
2	Lee Morris	Sheriff Fees, Etc.	52.40
5	S. B. Wilson	Tax Assessor	100.00
4	City of DeLand	Water Rent	53.33
5	Journal Printing Co.	Printing	24.00
6	W. H. Wright	Signs	1.75
7	A. D. Tillman	Wood	6.00
8	Miller Hardware Co.	Repairs Jail and Court House	49.61
9	T. L. Osteen	Tax Collector	1,032.45
250	L. L. Mosby	Supplies Poor	10.00
1	Bingham & Maley	Burying Pauper	12.50
2	S. W. Bishop	Supplies Poor	37.40
3	W. Z. Haymans	Commissioner	12.00
4	C. O. Codrington	Commissioner	8.00
5	C. F. Burgman	Commissioner	13.00
6	L. B. Bouchelle	Commissioner	14.00

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

April 5. 1917.

No.	To Whom Issued	Purpose of Expenditure	Amount
109	Wm S. Thayer	Shell	22.88
110	Harden Brothers	Team Hire	227.50
1	Hill Hardware Co.	Nails, Etc.	12.18
2	A. T. Pattillo	Repairs Machinery	3.45
3	J. S. May	ShellingRoad	34.50
4	J. A. Scarlett	Team Hire	32.50
5	Chas. D. Cannons	Team Hire	18.50
6	Hill	Team Hire	6.00
7	Charlie Johnson	Labor	7.50
8	Levy Collegg	Labor	44.62
9	B. B. Futtrell	Team Hire	30.00
120	Volusia County R. E. Co.	Shell	46.50
1	Bracey Drug Co.	Medicine	1.50
2	Miller Hardware Co.	Labor	18.55
3	Harvey Jones	Care Convicts	708.39
4	Robert Jones	Team Hire	15.00
5	L. H. Norman	Labor	12.00
6	N. G. Lastinger	Labor	5.00
7	Bond Lumber Co.	Lumber	16.16
8	D. A. Walker, Agent	Freight	1.75
9	Wm McLendon	Labor	19.25
130	H. G. Byrd	Labor	1.50
1	J. G. Cade	Labor	15.75
2	F. F. Smith	Shell Shoulders	321.00
3	C. Roy Miller	Truck Hire	135.00
4	S. M. Newburn	Lumber	14.68
5	W. B. Burgess	Team Hire	10.00
6	Dr. W. W. Wilder	Physician	3.00
7	Bryson & Bryson	Labor	4.50
8	State Bank of New Smyrna	Purchase R-W	125.00
9	W. L. Cooper	Refund Auto License	17.00
140	J. C. Vaughn	Ferryman	15.00
1	W. H. Coons	Bridge Tender	25.00
2	Eisen Ponteaux	Ferryman	15.00
3	J. C.Williams	Ferryman	15.00
4	I. F. Waterman	Road Superintendent	175.00
5	N. D. Coates	Auto Hire	10.00
6	C. R. Burgman	Expense	1.14
7	J. C. Williams	Repairs Ferry	11.00
8	M. E. Lafollett	Labor	3.00
9	Louis Chauvin	Moving Convicts	101.50
150	S. R. Love	Labor	50.00
1	G. N. Messimer	Refund Auto License	4.25
2	Miller Hardware Co.	Tools, Etc.	18.70
3	W. C. Watts	Tools, Etc.	2.00
4	M. A. Baker	Signs	6.45
5	W. D. Bradshaw	Rent, Storage	15.00
6	Oscar Michael	Road Work	400.25
7	Akerman & Ellis	Acct. Shiloh Road	1,987.43
8	New Smyrna Lumber Co.	Lumber	3.46
9	J. W. Giddens	Labor	3.00
160	Void		
1	T. J. Murray	Labor	2.50
2	Volusia County R. E. Co.	Shell Middleton Contract	286.00
3	Akerman & Ellis	Shell Middleton Contract	78.78
4	Bedford Jones	Middleton Contract	185.00
5	Frank Purdom	Middleton Contract	644.00
6	Harden Brothers	Middleton Contract	214.10
7	Jesse Yelvington	Middleton Contract	40.00
8	F. L. Middleton	Balance on Contract	1,002.12
9	New Smyrna Spcl R. and B. Dist	Change R-W at Leonardy's	122.49
170	W. Z. Haymans	Commissioner	8.00
1	C. O. Codrington	Commissioner	8.00
2	D. G. McBride	Commissioner	8.00
3	C. F. Burgman	Commissioner	8.00
4	L. B. Bouchelle	Commissioner	8.00
5	S. P. Walsh	Labor	3.75
5155	Lee Morris	Sheriff Fees	201.55
6	C. H. Baguley	Clerk Criminal Court Fees	61.44
7	J. Lee McCrory	Justice Fee	22.62
8	W. H. Newell	Justice Fee	7.23
9	S. Ross	Deputy Sheriff Fee	34.99
5160	Fred Taylor	Justice Fee	5.22
1	Lee Tedder	Deputy Sheriff Fee	14.80
2	P. C. Rodgers	Justice Fee	4.16
3	T. O. Melton	Constable Fee	8.00
4	Sim L. Speer	Justice Fee	1.48
5	Perry E. Hall	Constable Fee	14.80
6	W. E. Johnson	Constable Fee	1.85
7	J. B. Case	Justice Fee	4.46
8	M. L. Crews	Deputy Sheriff Fee	9.40
9	Lee Morris	Sheriff Fee in Cr Cases	75.00
5170	Lee Morris	Feed Prisoners	412.70
1	C. H. Baguley	Fees Clerk Criminal Court	3.90
2	R. P. Hamlin	Conviction Fee	95.00
3	Lee Morris	Commission on Fines, Etc.	54.19
4	Volusia County Bank	Csh Prisoners Rel Fee	8.00
5	V. M. Fountain	Csh Prisoners Rel Fee	3.00
	Road and Bridge Fund		7,413.08
	General Revenue Fund		2,696.58
	Fine and Forfeiture Fund		1,043.70

INDIVIDUAL THRIFT.

It Means to the Man What Conservation Does to the Nation.

The movement to encourage the people of this country to curb extravagance and to save money is rapidly growing, and it is a good thing that it is so. We need such a campaign, and its gospel of thrift should be spread broadcast throughout our land. The American people must save. They can no longer afford to waste.

It was the tremendous natural wealth of this country that made Americans a nation of spendthrifts. Now the end of nature's bounty is actually in sight. All of the better public lands have been taken up. The government is carefully estimating our resources of coal and oil. Water power is being developed and husbanded. Wealth is not half so easy to create as once it was, and for that reason there is a nation wide appreciation of the necessity for conserving it. Thrift means to the individual life exactly what conservation does to the nation.

This movement for saving money means a good deal more than the curbing of individual extravagance. It means more capital available for the uses of commerce. It means that when you have saved $1,000 you will find it a good deal easier to borrow another $1,000 if you have a good investment in view.

CLOTHES ON THE LINE.

Putting a Bit of Poetry Into a Very Prosaic Task.

A ride along the interurban cars on a fine Monday will show you line after line of snowy clothes fluttering in the breeze, and if you are a woman who has ever tried her hand at the washing game you'll envy the woman who has the bright afternoon before her to do as she pleases since she has spent her morning so profitably.

Did you ever pin freshly washed clothes on a line out in the sunshine and breeze—clothes that you washed with your own hands?

You haven't? Well, you needn't say it with such a scornful tilt to your nose. You're to be pitied more than envied, for you've missed one of the joys of being a woman.

Maybe the real work of it, the scrubbing and boiling and rinsing part, couldn't be called pure joy, but hanging the pieces up, clean and sweet and white, then standing back to view proudly the whole long row—ah, then you taste the glory of real achievement, and it gives a satisfaction that few achievements give.

It's such a worthy work, making the world a cleaner, more wholesome place, by beginning on your own soiled raiment.—Indianapolis News.

Big Chains Are Handmade.

In this day of machine manufacture it will perhaps surprise some to learn that the making of big chains is largely, if not entirely, confined to methods dependent on hand labor, says the Scientific American. There are probably no big chains being made in the United States by the use of machinery. There are various appliances employed, but these are hand operated or personally controlled. This situation appears to be due to two things. First, as the proverbial expression has it, "a chain is no stronger than the weakest of its links." A handmade chain is naturally made link by link. If the workmen are not only careful, but conscientious as to details, there is a considerable opportunity for attention equivalent to continuous inspection. The making of big chains is largely an old time blacksmith's job.

A vessel under construction in a Jacksonville shipyard was sold for $80,000 to a New York firm even before it was launched.

INSURANCE IS PROTECTION

and the more reliable the company in which your policy is written the better is the protection. The best protection costs o more than any other kind, and I can furnish you the best.

F. A. NEWELL

TELEPHONE NO. 82

Office at Residence, Corner Orange and Douglass streets

Good Fertilizer Good Value

For 30 years Armour 6¼% Blood & Bone Tankage has consistently been among the most economical and satisfactory no-potash fertilizers offered. Especially is this true right now. You get 6¼% ammonia from blood, and 15% phosphoric acid from steamed bone, at several dollars per ton less than the same foods from these sources would cost separately.

Armour Blood & Bone Tankage

Under present conditions this material is, we believe, the best and most economical Ammonia - Phosphoric Acid fertilizer offered. It is well suited to all crops; it furnishes everything except potash. It is a standard material of PROVED crop-making ability; more than 100,000 tons have actually been used in Florida. It is rich, pure, and a splendid humus-builder.

Write now for leaflet, price and sample. Please mention this paper.

"From the Farm Back to the Farm"

Armour Fertilizer Works Jacksonville, Fla.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

An Avoided Judicial Murder

By RICHARD MARKLEY

One morning a comely young woman entered a pawnshop and offered a diamond ring as security for a loan. The broker, after examining the stone, looked on the inside of the ring and saw the initials E. A. B. to J. S.

"What is your name?" asked the broker.

"Julia Amory."

J. S. might mean Jane Severance, a widow for whose murder Andrew Bowers was to be hanged the next day. The pawnbroker informed the police, and the woman was arrested.

Julia Amory upon examination broke down and confessed that she had murdered Jane Severance. She said that she had been a seamstress in Mrs. Severance's home, had seen the ring in a box of silver articles and jewels and had coveted it. She had gone into Mrs. Severance's room to possess herself of the jewels and, being discovered, had been obliged either to kill the owner or spend a term of years in prison.

The culprit's story was probable enough, but there was one flaw in it Why did she offer the ring for pawn in the very town where the murder had been committed and on the day before the supposed criminal was to be executed for the murder? Being questioned as to her motive, she confessed that her main object was to visit the scene of her crime.

Andrew Bowers was a young man about twenty-five years of age. He had become acquainted with the widow, who was thirty years his senior, and she made a ward of him One day she showed him a box in which she told him there were articles that concerned him In case of her death he was to possess himself of it She kept it on the top of the stone foundation to the house between two joists supporting the floor above.

Bowers was seen with Mrs. Severance just before bedtime on the night of the murder. He claimed to have left her at 11 o'clock. She was found dead the next morning. One of the prosecution's witnesses at Bowers' trial swore that Mrs. Severance had told her that she intended to leave all her property to Bowers. This was a strong point against him No will was found, and Bowers, fearing one might turn up in his favor in the box, kept his knowledge of it a secret.

As soon as the authorities were convinced that Julia Amory's confession was true they released Andrew Bowers, but not before they had confronted him and her They took him to the prison where she was confined and left him with her for a few minutes, the detectives keeping within hearing Nothing was said between the two—at least nothing was overheard—and after he had been permitted to look at her for a few minutes he withdrew from her On rejoining his keepers he told them that he had never seen her in Mrs Severance's home, but that didn't prove that she had never been employed there, for he had never lived at the house, and there were times when he had not been there for months

After his release Bowers went to the house where Mrs. Severance had lived and possessed himself of the box she had told him contained articles that concerned him Hidden under some old silver tableware he found a will leaving all her property to him There was a second paper, which read as follows:

"Ten years ago I was obliged to send Susan Dugan, my cook, to the penitentiary for stealing a valuable brooch from me. She was very bitter against me and said to me, 'When I get out I'll fix you.' I have since lived in the fear that she would keep her word If anything happens to me she will have caused it."

Shortly after finding this paper Bowers appeared in the district attorney's office and showed it to him. But before telling where he got it he asked the attorney to telephone the penitentiary for information concerning Susan Dugan. A reply came that Susan Dugan had been discharged from the penitentiary on a certain date that was found to be eight days before the murder was committed Her arrest was ordered, and Julia Amory was released.

The morning after Julia Amory had left the prison she appeared at the district attorney's office in company with Andrew Bowers. She told the following story:

"Several years ago this man left the place where he lived to seek his fortune. We were betrothed, and I promised to wait for him. When I heard of his arrest for murder it was a great shock to me. Being convinced of his innocence, I laid a plan to cheat the state out of a victim. He had given me an engagement ring without any marking. I had the initials put in it, the last two letters being those of the murdered woman. Then I offered the ring in pawn that I might be accused of the murder The rest you know."

Then Bowers told his story:

"When I was taken to the jail where the woman who confessed was confined I recognized my betrothed. She gave me a look of caution and slipped into my hand a paper telling me that if I were released to disappear; she would later offer proof of her innocence."

Bowers then produced the box Mrs. Severance had told him of and showed the will.

Susan Dugan paid the penalty of her crime, and the state missed committing a judicial murder.

United States Super-Dreadnought New York

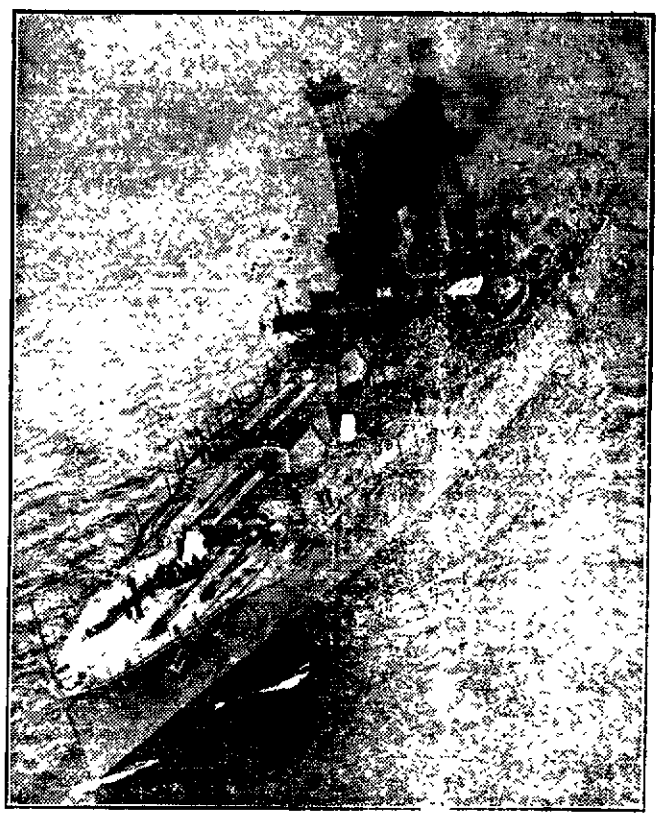

Photo by American Press Association

The monster New York is a 27,000 ton warship, 573 feet long She carries ten fourteen-inch guns. There are 1,014 officers and men in her crew

CRUSHING A NATION.

The Cambray League and the Fall of the Venetian Republic.

The League of Cambray was the political combination of continental Europe in 1508 against the Venetian republic, which tore from the "Queen of the Adriatic" her resplendent crown and forced to her lips the cup of deepest humiliation.

Back of the league and causing its formation were jealousy, ambition and the desire of crippling the proud people, whose history was the wonder and envy of the world. Too powerful to be overthrown by any single power, it was resolved that Venice should be crushed by the combined forces of all Europe.

During the terrible days of Attila about A. D 453, Venice was founded out among the lagoons of the Adriatic, where, it was felt, safety would be found from the ravages of the Hun The history of the thousand years from the foundation of the city to the year 1508 reads like magic Rising from the waves, Venice became the wonder of the world Her navy cut the waters of every known sea Her merchants were the greatest on earth Her bank was the financial center of the world.

And for more than ten centuries did Venice remain the glory of the world, the center of wealth, opulence and power, the home of culture and intelligence, the hearthstone about which sat the finest of the intellectual graces and hospitalities, and such she might have remained but for the League of Cambray, which, with its overwhelming forces, gave her the blow (at Agnadello in 1509) from which it was impossible for her to recover.—Exchange.

Train Names.

The old picturesque English habit of naming trains of special importance seems to be dying out fast in these materialistic days While America keeps up the custom, we never speak now of a "Zulu," a "Flying Scotchman" or a "Wild Irishman" We do not call Cunard specials "Herring Pond Limiteds," and even the train long and affectionately known, from its wonderful engine, as the "Charles Dickens" has now merely a number and a time. —Westminster Gazette.

Maine's Knights.

Maine is the only state in the Union which can boast of having three native born sons knighted by English kings. They are Sir William Phipps of Woolwich, once royal governor of Massachusetts, who was knighted in 1694, Sir William Pepperell of Kittery, who captured Louisburg for the British, and Sir Hiram Maxim.—Exchange.

No Longer Skinny.

The word "skinny" has gone out of fashion. In the old days when a girl was so thin and hungry looking she shamed her mother's pantry that was what they called her, but a more modern description is that she has a sensitive, spirituelle face.—New York Sun.

Send the News to your friends.

Last week lettuce shipped from South Apopka sold as high as $9 a crate.

—x—

Fellsmere people think a broom factory would be a good thing for their town.

—x—

The deposits in the Tampa banks aggregate nearly fourteen million dollars.

—x—

Five merchants of Pensacola were arrested Tuesday charged with selling cigarettes to minors.

—x—

A movement has been started by the commercial club of Fellsmere to secure bonds for a light plant.

—x—

A grower at Stuart shipped his first consignment of beans recently, which brought $15 per hamper in New York.

—x—

Prohibition and woman's suffrage promise to occupy much attention of the present session of the legislature.

—x—

Ocala is to have a new meat packing plant. This was accomplished by the live board of trade at that place.

—x—

The National City bank, a new bank in Tampa recently opened its doors. The deposits for the first day amounted to $240,000.

—x—

A plan has been launched to form a drainage district and drain thousands of acres of land in the Miakka section.

—x—

The Astor estate, which has been the subject of a legal battle lasting for more than half a century, is now approaching settlement by compromise. The estate originally involved 100,000 acres of Florida lands. Heirs of the disinherited sons of the original grantee to the lands are pushing the suit to recover the heritage. Much of the lands lie in Duval county.

Dade county and the city of Miami have jointly purchased 100 acres of submerged land in Biscayne Bay for the purpose of building a park, fair grounds, ball grounds, race track and convention hall.

At present there are seventeen dipping vats in Osceola county and a number of others are to be erected. Kissimmee is to be made an interstate shipping point under federal supervision.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a bill will be presented to the Legislature of the State of Florida at its next regular session in accordance with laws made and provided to designate, locate and perpetuate, as New Smyrna Beach that territory, "Situated on the Sea Shore, south of the Bar of Mosquito, at a place formerly cultivated by Dr. Turnbull," on the peninsula opposite New Smyrna, Fla., and embraced in sections 4, 5, 9, 55 and 16, in township 17, S. R. 34 E., Meridian of Florida (mar2-apr27)

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned officers of The Coronado Club, incorporated, intend to apply to the Honorable James W. Perkins, Judge of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida, at DeLand, Volusia County, Florida, on the twenty first day of May, A. D. 1917, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, for certain amendments to the charter of said corporation, which proposed amendments are now on file in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Volusia County, Florida.

E. H. DUNHAM, President.
J. H VROOMAN, Vice President.
HAROLD VROOMAN, Secretary.
(mar30-apr14)

ICE

The Summer Days Are Here

It is time to be thinking of the best methods of keeping your food supply fresh and sweet.

The only practical way to keep the food fresh is by having plenty of our ice in your refrigerator.

There is nothing which gives more comfort in the hot weather than a plentiful supply of ice water and the small amount of ice required for this comfort can be afforded by every family in the city.

Have our driver stop every day and leave the ice you need.

New Smyrna Public Service COMPANY

TELEPHONE - No. 102

CORONADO BEACH

HAVING JUST ACQUIRED

EIGHTEEN HUNDRED LOTS

AT

Coronado Beach, Soon To Be The Rival Of All Beaches

We will offer as a preliminary sale commencing

April 14, 1917 and Continuing for Nine Days Thereafter

Forty Ocean Front Lots, Fifty County Road Lots, Shell Surface, and Fifty Inland Lots. Prices $50.00 per lot and upwards. None priced over $300.00. A discount of 25 per cent will be allowed on lots purchased during the ten day sale

TERMS arranged to suit purchasers. A further discount of 5 per cent will be made to those paying all CASH. Size of lots 50x150 feet. Also a few houses will be offered at bargain prices. This is an opportunity of a life time. GRASP IT

New Bridge - New Hotel - New Streets - New Owners

Price advanced after preliminary opening sale. Representatives on the beach every day during sale from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings at company's temporary office, next to Marble Hall Cafe, Canal street, by appointment

TELEPHONE NO. 58 OR WRITE TO

CORONADO BEACH REALTY CO.

NEW SMYRNA, FLORIDA

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